# Always in Prayer

E.F. HALLOCK



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#### To my wife, Vera, and my five children— Edgar, Ardelle, Roger, Vera Beth, and Ann

whose Christian testimonies have been basic in my ministry

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### 1. Transformed

# by Prayer

In our home was a five-and-one-half-year-old son. From the time he had any understanding he had joined in the praying at family-altar time.

One morning, shortly after he had trusted Christ as Saviour, he startled me by his prayer. It was as usual for a part of it,

but then he came forth with:

"Oh, God, please give me a little white dog and an electric train for Christmas."

In my mind I regretted his prayer immediately, I feared for the ill effect upon his faith when he would realize that God was not to be bothered with such things.

But I was the one who got the awakening.

That afternoon two boys from my Boy Scout troop ap-

peared at our door.

"We have a little white dog," they said. "We live in an apartment house and we've got to give it away. Would you like it for Edgar?"

Of course it was accepted.

Edgar was playing across the street and knew nothing of this until he came home, walked into the kitchen, and saw the dog.

"Well," he said, "God sure answered my prayer in a hurry,

didn't he?"

Forty years later Edgar prayed for a new press to print Bibles in Brazil. God led the American Bible Society to answer that prayer with a \$25,000 press.

From a little white dog to a \$25,000 press! Zechariah's word is appropriate, "Who hath despised the day of small

things?" Surely not God!

Praying after the Bible pattern is a transforming activity, We believe that by prayer we work great changes in affairs and in persons. As we carry on our program of prayer, we are hardly aware that the greatest change is the one that is being wrought in us who pray.

All of us feel the importance of prayer and will argue for it theoretically. Our practice too often belies our theory. Just like the weather, we talk about it a great deal but do nothing about it. We cannot change the weather! We can change our prayer practice. We all have a desire to be better Christians;

did we but realize that prayer changes us from better to best,

we would probably give more time to it.

#### Understanding Prayer

Consistent praying transforms us in our understanding and use of prayer. We all begin by asking for things. When we become Christians, we are instructed to pray about everything, to talk with God as with a good friend. We are told that he is interested in the very least thing about us, that he cares for the sparrows, that the very hairs of our head are all numbered. This being so, we have no hesitancy in talking with God about what may be considered little and unimportant things.

But who can measure the value or the greatness of the size of anything? These little things to some people may seem foolish, but to the man who prays about all matters in his life there is nothing foolish before God.

It could be almost said that all of us begin at this place.

Once in a great while a man comes along like Charles C. Finney who received a mighty baptism of the Holy Spirit simultaneously with his conversion. Even before he realized it he had been converted, and before he understood what this experience with the Holy Spirit was, this man plunged into the big things of praying. Even so there are instances in his autobiography where he too prayed for the common and little things of life.

As a young Christian in my early teens, I prayed for everything from a lost baseball to the recovery of my baby brother whom the doctors had said could not live. So many and so interesting were the answers that God gave me about little things, that my faith grew, and I began to pray for things

that were much bigger.

A beginner does not pray about things only; he also includes persons, especially those of his family and perhaps a few close friends. As he sees results for which he has prayed come to pass in these people, he is greatly encouraged to pray for those who may be just a little bit beyond this immediate circle, Without being aware of it, he is being transformed into an intercessor.

Intercessory prayer is a great field of service in itself. In this area the praying person prays for his family, for his friends, for his church related acquaintances, for his spiritual leaders. He begins to include a few missionaries whom he knows, and in the course of time he begins to pray for many, many missionaries by name, not knowing them personally, but confident that God does and that God will hear prayer offered in their behalf. He also includes people who are outside the saving knowledge of Jesus Christ, the lost people. He keeps a prayer list of these.

There comes a time when his faith is emboldened to pray even for nations. This faith is rooted in the words of the Lord in the book of Isaiah, "Behold, the nations are as a drop of a bucket, and are counted as the small dust of the balance: behold, he taketh up the isles as a very little thing. . . . All nations before him are as nothing; and they are counted to him less than nothing, and vanity" (Isa. 40:15-17).

The transformation goes on even deeper. We are transformed until our hearts become heavy with an abiding concern. As we go about our duties, we find ourselves walking in the Lord's presence. Though we speak no words, our concern is a matter of thought and of our hearts' reactions. God reads our thoughts and the inarticulate cries of our souls.

The apostle Paul said, "I have great heaviness and continual sorrow in my heart" (Rom. 9:2). In another place he wrote, "Beside those things that are without, that which cometh upon me daily, the care of all the churches. Who is weak, and I am not weak? who is offended, and I burn not" (2 Cor. 11:28-29)?

Nehemiah affords another wonderful illustration of this type of transformation. He was the king's cupbearer and should have been joyous; but he had heard news that Jerusalem was desolate and lying waste. He prayed much about it and with a heavy heart went in before the king to perform his duty as cupbearer. The king observed his countenance and said to him, "Why is your face sad, seeing you are not sick? This is nothing else but sadness of the heart" (Neb. 2:2, RSV). Then Nehemiah unburdened his soul to the king. The king appointed him governor and sent him back to rebuild his beloved city.

Prayer leads us ultimately to this stage of transformation. We are transformed by prayer until our hearts and our lives are suffused by the passion to do the will of God. Praying becomes an activity whose chief end is the constant and ever conscious pursuit of the Heavenly Father's will.

Jesus gave us the example of pursuing God's will. "My meat

is to do the will of him that sent me, and to finish his work" (John 4:34). "I do always those things that please him" (John 8:29). And he taught us, "He that willeth to do his will shall know" (cf. John 7:17). Obedience to this will of God is the door that opens up the road ahead.

He leads us on step by step, and then there comes to our hearts the understanding, "[Our] times are in thy hand"

(Psalm 31:15). We trust him.

#### Union with Christ

The transformation still goes on. We are changed, by praying, from the sense of human aloneness into a living experience of walking with the living Lord; it is a well-nigh unbroken fellowship with the Lord. This is mediated to us by Scripture. Jesus said in the Great Commission, "Lo, I am with you alway" (Matt. 28:20). And Paul's word becomes significant to us, "I know whom I have believed and am persuaded that he is able to keep that which I have committed unto him against that day" (2 Tim. 1:12). This fellowship is a union of heart with Jesus.

The story of an elderly Christian lady best says it for us all. Many, many years she had served the Lord and depended upon his faithfulness. A few months before her going to heaven, her paster visited her. He said to her, "Auntic, suppose after all these years of faithful service, the Lord would let you slip through his fingers?" Her answer was quick, "He can't let me slip through his fingers. I am one of

his fingers."

Jesus set forth the relationship that ought to be normal for every person who believes in him. In John 15 we have a beautiful picture of the vinc and the branches. There he declares, "I am the true vine." The vine needs pruning and our Father is the one who does the pruning; we learn that we grow a lot of vine in a little while on our branch; that extra vine must be cut off. The old vine doesn't bear good fruit, It is the new growth that produces the best grapes. Because we abide in him and he abides in us, we experience this process of being pruned and kept fruitful. I am in Christ, Christ is in me,

In this experience of his abiding presence, it is normal to pray without ceasing. This is a continuation of the transforming process; this we do not do as a beginner. This does not mean that we are on our knees all of the time or even sitting apart engaged in conscious acts of prayer every minute. It does mean that we are never out of touch so that at any moment we can say a word of prayer or several of them and know that we are being heard, whether we are walking or driving or lying awake at night, or whatever the situation may be. Even in a crowded room we can be in touch with our Heavenly Father.

As the reality of our growing relationship deepens, thanksgivings and praises multiply in our outgoing toward God. Many times during the days, events happen, big or little, and immediately there rise to our lips the words, "Thank you, Father." This is a glad and joyful overflowing of this whole process of being transformed by prayer. Prayer transforms us

into grateful persons,

Because we have been transformed into grateful persons, we can be agreeable to Paul's word to the Ephesians, "Giving thanks always for all things unto God and the Father in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ" (Eph. 5:20). In an earlier epistle, 1 Thessalonians 5:18, be had written, "In every thing give thanks." But to give thanks "for everything" is a real test of one's confidence and faith in God. Being transformed into grateful persons also enables us to have a growing faith that God works all things together for good to them that love him.

This transformation that has enabled us to enter into the

experience of union with Christ-that is, as a branch of the vine-makes available to us his unerring gaidance. We need not make mistakes in following God's path. If we do, we are out of touch with him. It may be that we are in touch with him but stul norn. In Psalm 32 8-9 he says, "I will instruct thee and teach thee in the way which thou shalt go I will guide thee with it me tye. Be ye not as the horse or as the mule, which have no understanding whose mouth must be held in with Lit and bridle lest they come near unto thee." The American Stridard Version translates this first verse, "I will coursel that with name eye apon thee" And David said in Psales 16.7. It will bless the Lord who hath given me coursel. And the Lordsporking through Israh (30-21) said, "At 1 thme cars sl. 1 b ar a world third three saving. This is the way walk ye must when ye term to the right hand and when ye turn to the left "

#### In His Image

In instanced added ling in him through prayer it becomes active is right of the first track exist to speak entire by to be pealed is to do wrong of any kind. It be cores formal to love the good and to do the right A student from a ferrigibling was riked by the signs on the compass "Krip Off the Grass." He said. "At first those signs made me want to walk on the grass But I came to know and to love the president of that the versity and one day as I walked along taked by those signs. I thought, This is my president's grass," and that in the all the difference in the world, and I learned to hive to stay off of the".

Prayer transforms us about praving. We still privific little things as ling as we are but perhaps accept them is already accomplished without much praving. We pray for peer elevar and far, and we pray until we enter into follows up with our praying Lord.

By prayer the transformation changes our character, and we realize that his words are becoming not just commandments but fulfilments within us. He said, 'A new commandment I give unto you, That we love one another as I have leved you" (John 13-34) And this becomes not just an ideal but an experience.

The beauticles no longer are mere challenges to be but they become being Trusting God is so at our character that we learn to accept without questi a Jesus' quotation from Deuterenoms. Man stell not live by bread alone but by every wird that proceeds though the can'the Cold Matt 4.4 We can't take estrethis statement in John 15.7. If ye ald in mi, and my worls, hit in you seed all ask what ye will and it shall be done unto you."

By way of summ is we are transformed by priver 11 in our inderstanding and practice of priver 2 a or cultivated consecus raion with Christ, (3) is graving to his in go la Ikenias las chiricter Ther we can isk what we will been serven marwell to isk his been transformed so that We will be asked a what he will

At R. Igiciest I hair 1 5 D. Gordon sax Wienever God can react. I win and do whitever be pleases with me, then I can reach up and do whitever I please with God " And that is true bleause God trusts us since we have been transformed into trastworthiness and into likeness to his Son

# 2. What Is Prayer?

All that needs to be spoken or written about prayer is in the Bible.

God's Book is indispensable. It speaks plainly about prayer and about praying men. It relates their history. It gives the results of their prayers. Many times these results are so magnificent that we are stunned as we think of what God was able to do because men prayed.

There is no theorizing about prayer in the Bible. There are no sermons ib it priver in the Bible and there is no definition of prayer in the Bible. Praying is assumed as one thing that non-mast do. There are any at oas and exhorted ons to pray. There are commands from Gold to pray. The Bible is permeated by prayer.

Three things about prayer are set up in the Bible Prayer is our approach to God Prayer is God's approach to us Prayer is

receiving from God what he has inspired is to ask

#### Approaching God

James tells us, "Draw nigh to God" (4.8. When we tern our thoughts toward him, whether we kneel or sit or wilk or ride, we are drawing nigh to God. Yet too often our praying is mechanical. Prayer is more than duty and more than mere practice. Sometimes people think of it as their spiritual calisthenies, their setting up exercises to keep their

hearts in trim before God. But a great fact about prayer that we need to consider is that we are approaching the eternal God.

Moses went up into the mountain unto God. He did not go up in the mountain just to carry out a religious function, but to meet Jel ovah, the God who had called him and with whom he had walked through the days of his banishment in Horlin. God was there, and Moses went to approach him.

In Exodus 33 a tent of meeting is spoken about, and we are told that Moses set this tent of meeting obtailed the camp. This is not the tabernacie because it was set in the millst of the camp with the tribes on every side. Moses' tent was outside

the camp. There he met God

Our prayer place is our meeting tent, and we should gethere often. The Lord said to Jeremiah. 29.12.13) "Then shall we call upon me, and we shall go and pray unto me, and I will hearken unto you. And we shall seek me, and find me when we shall search for me with all your heart." Jeremiah know that prayer is approaching the Lord and he practiced it.

Jesus taught us that prayer is going to God. He did this his word and example. He said "When we pray say. Our Father" (Luke 11.2. What more direct and simple statement that prayer is approaching God could be spoken." Every exhibitation and command of Jesus to pray is an urge from him to us

to go to our Father and kneel and pray before him

The great apostle Paul and "Let your requests be made known unto God". Plul 4.6. The most poignant need of every one of us who prays is that we shall be aware of God as

we come to prover time.

We approach God to give him our thanks and this should be smeere and from the heart. We approach God in order to worship him. We approach God to ask from him the things that we think we need and the things that we know he wants us to have. We approach God to ask on behalf of others, to seek his will from him in person, to ask that he open the eyes of our hearts, to seek him in his Word

This is the familiar thing in praver. When we preach on praver, when we read about praver when we encourage people to prave the dominant thang in the minds of all concerned is that we are going to God to seek him to find what he wants us to do, to get things from him for ourselves, for others for his work, for his glory. In other words, for almost all propue praver is simply going to God, and that ends it.

But that does not end t That is on's a fraction of prayer. There is another side to all this, and this is that prayer is not only our approach to him but also Gcd's approach to us.

#### He Approaches Us

Nearly all of our praying is like a one way the phone conversation. We have a number, we hear a voice respond on the other end, then firth min to we stand there and pour into the telepletic what is in, ar mark and in our learts. Before the person on the citier and has opportunity to respond will and up the phon. The inversation is over it has not been a conversation at all It has been an explicion on our part to a person on the citier cities who did not have opportunit to say one wild in ritim. Meet praying is like that Westark and task and never with the Color sopk in fact we sellem contider whither Color another; it is any or not

We need to remember that God won the line. The amazing fact is that he is the one who on he had call to start with. We work never have approached him hills in the likelius. Then and only then did we turn it in a did to take them. If this not what Paulin say of in Richards Sec. The likelius of the Soir than helpeth, our infirmation for we know not what we should provide as we ought but the Spint itself make the referencesion.

for us with groanings which cannot be uttered. And he that searcheth the Learts knoweth what is the mind of the Spirit, because he maketh intercession for the saints according to the will of God."

The Old Testament marvelously demonstrates the proposition that prayer is God's approach to us. The first five books of the Bible have 187 chapters. In 139 of thise, buylets we see God approaching man, and this is the all hoportant side of prayer without it there could be no real Christian praying God came to Adam in the Garlen of Filen. God's pick to Cam after be had mordered las brother Abel. God's rice to North to Abraham. He come to Moses again and gon Sore's all those were treen of prayer, but we are not told that they were premof prayer. We are made to see how God's and to have only bow they responded. We are not presented with a picker of men on their knees, but of men historing to the eternal God as he unwelled his well his tound to them.

A vivid illistration of this is in Fxodas 33-17 - 34-8. Moses had implored Gold to make bimself known to him, now, and Gods. I to Mises that there was a place in the rock whire he could stand while God passed by God of pass by and Moses knew that God once more had renewed within him that controlling all consuming vision that his life and work so much needed.

This was true with Jestia Gideon Samuel It was true of Israh in that great vision when Israh said. "In the year that king Uzzah die Hisaw also the Lent". Isa 6.1). It is to e of Jeremiah and Ezekiel and all the propiets. God came to them, and their praying was a response to God's touch upon them.

When we torn to the New Testmeent we discover that God has come down to us in human form. Paul expressed this for us wouth in Philippians ? 5-6 when he said. Have this mind among yourselves, which you have in Christ Jesus, who, though he was in the form of God, did not count equality with

God a thing to be grasped, but emptied himself, taking the form of a servant, being born in the likeness of men" (RSV). God came down to us in this marvelous approach to human beings. And because of this approach of God in Christ to us, we in turn are constrained to turn toward God and set before him our petitions. Were this not true, it is possible that we never would approach God and therefore, we ought to be extremely grateful that our God has come to us

Another way of thinking about this is that, as a servant of the Lord carries the message to a lost man, the Holy Spirit is there with that man, opening his mind, instructing his heart, giving aim the conviction that he ought to do something about it. He opens his heart, and the Lord comes in. At the same time, the Holy Spirit takes up his dwelling in him. From this time on, every movement to pray is a touch of God's Spirit.

As we pray about God's work and what he wants us to do, it is God who works in us to what and "to do for his good pleasure." Pleas for the work ideas for getting it done—all these things are from God. How we need to be lessand this and let God have free access to our hearts and thus acknowledge his coming. Our prayer will then become effective

Mr Spergeon, a man who knew what it was to prevail with God in prayer said one time. When God initial degreat blessings for his people he sets them to pray it. When we are moved to orge and exhort people to pray let us remember that it is God who is exhorting and urging through us. He is setting us to pray that he may give us great blessing. Recognizing this truth and making it known is a sort of praise that we owe to God. It is praise that will keep us humble and turn us away from the paths of pride that destroy our spirituality.

In the light of this truth that God approaches us, we can use a familiar couplet of verses as a basis of expecting an answer to prayer, Jesus said in Matthew 18 19-20 "That if two of you

shall agree on earth is torch not my that that they shall ask, it shall be done for them of my Fatic, which is in heaven. We stop right there is the cidn't six that and leave it there. He said something also that mist go with it and leave it there are not come. For 'said he, where two or three are gethered together in my name, there am I in the midst of them. When two are in agreement with him they are in perfect agreement with each other and the answer is as sure as though it were already here.

This conception that prayer is God's approach to us as a transforming thing and we need to face it constantly as we

think about prayer and as we pray

#### Ask and Receive

When we recognize and understand that priver is God's approach to is and our approach to God we are in in attitude of heart to understand this third thing that prayer is receiving. It is not only an act of earth, but it is faith in action

Josus in Mark 11-24 said. What things soever we could when we pray to have that we receive them and year all have them 'In the original large age the Greek word in colvers and the acrist tensor. That is, it was a thing done at a procedur point not, thing to be done in the fitting so that it and

properly read. R her thetree is dithem"

This is not the common tempor of pract. The month praying is isking and flor loping that we are going to get what we have asked for And bilt ientedly lot fives in faith, we want for in answer that reservences. We continue expect to get it and had no footh that we had getten it. But if you understand that prayer is God's approach to you and you recognize it as a configuration. Asked approaches God to ask as you have been aspired to do then you continue that the inswer has been given John most have meant this when I owner in I John of 14-25. And this is the confidence that we

have in him that if we ask anything according to his will, he heareth us. And if we know that he hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we desired of him" One who understands this will be obedient to Jesus' injunction to use not "vain repetitions" We are not heard for our much speaking. We are heard because our prayers have been prompted by God nunself and we come in the name and in the will four Lord Jesus Christ

There are people who when they pray come with a request and somehow teel that for the bist time God is being informed concerning this matter Really they are thinking that they will surprise God with what they are about to say They are sure that God has never thought about this thing before. This kind

of praving is not praving at all

Again there are people who think that they must come with determination and untiring vigor because they must persuade in mailing Go to do the thing that they are about to ask him. This to is not true. Because a thing may be slow in conting it loss not used gate that God is now Il not It may mean that there is still a geth trang it our lives that must be moved to mik form for the recruing of what Gol has alre de start i nate un

Prayer is reasong the Lord when was as The Lord said to Jereman "I shall seek in and find the when we shall search for rewit as your heart for 29 13. A knock at my door causes me to open it I matte the knocker in, and I receive him into my home. Jes is stands at my dior every time I go to pray He Loccks Leger and receive him into my life.

Prayer is receiving what God has promised. It is asking, knocking seeking but unless we receive and the sian act of faith on our part, then the asking knocking at I so king are in vain. We must earn to cok up and with open arms receive what God has promised

We receive his plans. Ideas come to us as we pray. We write

them down and then we move ferward in the performance of these things that we have received

Perhaps above all praver is receiving by letting God carry out the work Paul said. It is God which worker in you both to will and to do of his good pleasure. Phil 2-13. We understand this first part better than we do the last. It is God who does the work as well as works into us these ideas and to receive. God's working is a major part of our praving.

Of course prayer is receiving the gift we request d. If we know it is God's will that we have it and we are assured that it is in his promises, then we can wait because we know it is coming. We have already received it and in God's time it will be present with its. Work of longer continue to loss if it it. We simply thank God for it and wait in his goodness. Semetimes we fail to do this, and wo start asking again, and we prayours likes out of fulls. We must learn that prayer is receiving. The gifts we have asked for

Prover's receiving God's provised providence. This is an area that is exceedingly broad. The Lord is my supported. I shall not want' (Ps Jm 23.1). If this word of God coold become the escace of our taith we would be above all worry and all ansiety. Jesus expands this thought in Matthew 6.25–33. RSV where he tells us. Do not be anyous. I ook at the birds. I wour beavenly Father feeds them. . . Consider the lifes. I ever Solom in was not arrayed like one of these. "And then he says "Seek first his kingdom and has rightcoursness and all these things shall be yours as well." Proverby 3.5 says. "Trust in the Lord with all thine heart." This we need to know and practice because prayer is receiving the providences of God that have already been promised.

In Psalm 81-10 the Lord says "Open thy mouth wide, and I will fill it." It is said that in ancient days an Oriental monarch, wishing to reward one of his nobles for worthy deeds

accomplished, in a very special time would call that man into his presence before all the other nobles. Then he would ask him to open his mouth wide, and tip his head back so that the monarch could fill that man's mouth with precious stones of every kind. That is what our Heavenly Father says to us when we come to pray "Open your mouth wide in prayer, and I will fill it."

Prayer then is three things our approach to God, God's approach to us, and third, our receiving him and all he plans for us through our prayers.

# Prayer — A Divine Imperative

Many paths open dady lefter us. All of them are attractive and other much of interest and with. We cannot enter all of them, we prest make a cone.

We narrow our choices to those which we think are more important. This does not end our choice makers for mong these there are those that are labeled best "excellent" or "superlative." These are of such character and volume that we see ously impair our specifical welfare by treating them lightly. By the osness are 1 volume making the most of them we assure ourselves of victors.

The paths of Barlo reading and preson are given us to walk by divine imperative.

We do not we know these two polles in far and I see discover that they are before and a district of

In attremy have the privers le of the pith

I first me reisons in appear of the Care that praver is a divine imperative.

1 Golla + mort the 1 stet pren

2 ( coll tract to shy in the us dranch grown

3 Collect as the reling to these who pray in the name of lesus.

There are many statements from the heart of God concerning prayer that are imperative in their nature and incaning

#### Biblical Evidence

The Lord said to Jeremiah, "Call unto me and I will answer thee and shew thee great and mighty things, which thou knowest not", Jer 33-3). This word looses upon us a duable sense of urgency. There is in it both a command and a promise,

Seek ye the Lord while he may be found, call ye upon him while he is near", Isa 55.6. This command wirns us that we may wait too long to seek the Lord and to call upon him. But "Ye shall seek me, and find me, when ye shall search for me with all your heart" (Jer. 29.13. To find him and to know him is the answer we most desire.

"Call upon near the day of trouble. I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glordy on." Psalm 56-15. When trouble befalle us, we may be overwhelmed by it just to be remaded of this commodine to the bles one to turn his heart toward. God

In the New Testanient from both Jesus and his apostles, come words that bear the powerful imperative of the communication of the communication of the communication of the realize that inviting he says about prayer hears the stamp of urgency. When he says, When ye prayer hears the stamp of urgency. When he says, When ye prayer hears the equivalent to "pray ye." His teaching in Mitthew 6.5-15 is as near being the central teaching on prayer as anything in the Bible. It, in itself is as the nature of the imperative.

One of Jesus' commandments is. "Ask and it shall be given you, seek and ye shall find knock and it shall be opened into you" (Matt 7-7). Like so many other commands to pray, linked with this one is the confident promise of answer. In fact, all commands to pray are hisked with a promise.

"And he spake a parable unto them to this end that men ought always to pray, and not to faint" (Linke 18.1) Then

Jesus tells of a wicked and unrighteous judge who cared not for God or man. A widow sought just protection against an adversary. To relieve himself—not to serve justice—he granted her a favorable decision. By contrast God is righteous and loving. He will answer although the answer is sometimes delayed. Within this teaching is the imperative urgency of the Lord's command.

"Pray for them which desp tofully use you." This must be linked with "love year enemies." The two no doubt go together for it one will truly pray for his enemies he has already expressed one of the best proofs of live He is becoming like his Lord who prayed on the cross. "Lather forgive them."

Hook at one or two worls tray the apostle Paul Pray without coming at the 5.1% Contray steads the in prayer. Old 2. RSV Mass transfer of his ore energed and org day in his characters and their metal circles are necessity to pray.

To precent when I extent therefore that hist fall supply, he proves note, so is rad given at the kelloman to all our I have a supply of the provided and to a supply of the provided and to an atolic stance at a supply of the provided and to an atolic stance at a supply of the provided and to an atolic stance at the provided and the atolic pr

We to all he many a serile to all a war soft the apost of the parts as better, wasts all nor to be saved and to come to be known by of the truth, and that the states of Colon Letteral to be him, of streets with the gospel in sage as confidence for the importance that the pray even where the form of the parts with a power words of Paul

Failure is tracte sin. To simit! of reitlie's kn wetl, to Jo good and docth, it not to him it is sin. James 4.17)

#### Fellowship with God

Prayer, in the second place, is a divine imperative because God desires fellowship with his redeemed children. When we begin to try to lift this thought we stagger beneath its great weight.

God, the Eternal One God the Majestic One, God, the Infinite Father desires followship with those who have been

purchased by the blood of his Son

A king demands and exacts obedience. A president of a republic requires allegiance. The head of a great corporation demands results. None of these seek human followship with those whom they govern.

But God seeks fellowship with the least of his blood bought children. In so doing he lifts us from our low earthly plane to

"heavenly places in Christ."

Throughout the Bible we see God seeking the fellowship of men. When they go their rebellious ways and break the

fellowship, be seeks them out and mends it

In the Carden of Eden there was unbroken fellowship and man was not afraid but when Adam exalted himself and chose his own way, he lost fellowship with God and was afraid.

Then there was Enoch Of him it is written "And Enoch walked with God and he was not for God took him." Gen 5.24. One can easily imagine that these walks with God were very important both to God and to Enoch, and especially was this an amperative with Enoch, that he not miss his appointment with God.

Then, when "the earth also was corrupt before God and the earth was filled with violence" (Gen. 6.11). God had a man ready. He had had fellowship with him a long time. Now when it became necessary to destroy man because of his corruption and violence, God had Noah ready to be the preacher of

redemption. He knew that man because he had had fellowship with him.

God informed him and charged him what to do. He was to build the ark for deliverance, then to preach safety and salvation in the ark for those who believed. He built on and on and continued to preach. None of those who heard him were converted at least there are no conversions recorded. Noah must have fell great discontagement. In such times he turned to the Lord. This divine fell askip sistained him his ghothose 170 years and Noah never list sight of the imperative necessity of prayer.

What a beautiful expression of the fact that prayer is a divine imperative is maintested in the record of the lewship which Abraham had wit, the Lord From Ur of Claddess to the time of the othering up of Isaac the Lord appeared to him between note and twelve times. Lo could have been over a stretch of hits years but who would say that he did not have deep belowship with God in between those of personness?

Then there was Moses Hs parents amplanted a deep, abiding toth in the heart of thirt call. God kas with tand his he was to serve in years to come and his inched over Moses. By toth Moses when he was come to years refused to be called the sim of Flarish's daighter. Help 11.24. Even to the Explain point Moses him the prover was his posseal importance of his was to maintain followship with God and all the voirs proved it. His ast to the years are a telecast in divine colors.

God, seekt out a voil recent among with were July (the Dard Israh Ams Jerm heard the prophets he's a slop with the Lord was ret confined to these meetals are retained to these meetals are retained to these meetals are retained to the common people in the act has been monomed. The followship of God was been that are at the values and they know that the gates a might be the common and they have that the

But the full mandestation of God's desire for our fellowship is seen in the coming of his Son himself God. And Jessis Christ both showed and taught how imperative it is that men pray always.

Since God desires our fellowship then it is unquestionably urgent that we seek him in prayer. Through Arros le said, "Seek ye me, and ye shall live." Amos 5.4. And we must answer. The face I ord will I seek." Our fellowship with God is expressed in our hearts' worship of Lim, and our hearts' worship of Go.4 is all important to growth in Christikeness and service in his name,

We are librariers together with God" not lab rees to gether with each other but with God. What a fellowship in service we have Until now these two reasons make the importance right and impressive but everyone who desires to succeed in the Lands work knows how urgent it becomes when we realize that prayer is a divine imperative because of what God promises to do tor those who pray. Whenever such a work as whatseever we shall isk in my name that will I do, that the Firther in its beginning in the Son". John 14.13) comes to a chi'd of God he is made to step and realize that here is something live of cutronid now.

Are what so I we think of this wird of Jesas. And all things what ever we shall a simprison below it we shall receive. Mutt 21-22 ? What is Place down this inhis generous promise?

#### God Promises All

As we consider Jesus statements we also wer that prayer is a great imperative beyond the commandment. To pray persuits this prayer in the commandment at of God scening our fellow dip. We are the first thin that Cod it error prayerlessors set over against the abundance that Cod it error to him, who prays in fifth and in the name of John The

abundance of God is conditioned by our surrender to the name and to its complete control of our lives

If I am to do God's work, I need God's equipment 1 need God's wisdom and God's power God comes to me on the pavement of my prayers to make me able for his appointed tasks

In our world men build great buildings, great dams across great rivers, great multiple-lane highways. To do these superhuman tasks they create and pertict amazing machinery. With these machines and with skilled men-plus excellent materials and methods, they erect in months what our fallers a halfcentury ago, would have said could not be done at all

No builder ever faces such difficulties as those which face the servants of God. There are no machines no man made notheds that can perform Gad's work. But Gad promises all that is needed

Jesus give us the wink to lidone in the Great Commission He declares. "All power is given unto me in heisen, and in earth (a ve therefore and teach all nations am with you. Mitt 25 18 20

For more than mastern certaires Christians have gone forth on this mission. Their real in 1 their obedience as well as their success have been but and cold so that even now hardly a fourth of the world's population can be recknied as much From thin pormally Classian

The eare other seemingly insurmountable obstacles which confront us. One is the population growth of the unbelieving. The unbelievers are apercising faster than we can make believers. The number of missionaries mereuses but the population grows much faster

The nationalistic religious have awakened and are bestirring themselves through their national ambitions and have set themselves in opposition to Christianity. The progress of

Christ's kingdom has been slowed

Political ideologies have closed the doors of great nations that formerly were wide open and in many of these countries where the doors are open we still have no missionaries.

Our own nation is obsessed with the problem not only of maintaining a high level of prosperity, but of expanding it. Men are so consumed in the pursuit of greater material advancement that their minds are dead to spiritual approaches.

Our churches have become highly organized and efficient. The preacher and his staff are looked upon as promoters and administrators. We seem able to keep the wheels turning, but we scarcely move from where we are. We reach the people enrolled in our Sunday School, but not beyond that

In the face of these and many more problems, we have grown problem conscious. We have lost consciousness of divine power. If we will only believe God and make ourselves fully asylable to him through prayer, we will make progress in performing our world mission. Otherwise, it is an impossible and all but fit be indertaking

The all priver that is even to Jesus is his to give to us when we carn what it means to pray in his name. He said. If am the vare we are the brand is the that abide thin me and I in him the same bringeth first, much fruit for without me ve can do nothing. John 15.5. He also said. If we abide in me, and my words all le in you we shall ask what we will and it shall be delicated you? I he 15.7.

God sets before us the imperative to pray to pray without ceasing. To pray and not give ap! To obey is ours. If we comply with his will we shall but curselves enabled beyond our highest hopes. If we refuse to obey our Heavenly Father, in performing his imperative, we sentence ourselves to weak ness fruitlessness, and fall re-

It is God which workets in you both to will and to do of his good pleasure", Phil 2/13

# 4. Prayerlessness

Samuel was God's answer to Hannah's praver While he was still a child, he was given to the Lord and his home was the tabernacle. I pon the death of Els, the high priest, he became judge, prophet, and priest of Israel. For many years he served as God's ruing servant in this land. He was born in praver, and himself was a man of praver.

When he was old he made his sons judges over Israel These sons walked not in the ways of their father "but turned aside after hiere and took bribes and perverted judgment"

(1 Sam 8.3).

There pen the elders of Israel came to Samuel and asked Inn to give them a king like the other nations had Samuel was unlappy about this and prayed unto the Lord, and the Lord said to do as they asked. After the king was established on his throne. Samuel called the people together and rehearsed the history of Israel. He told the people they had done wrong in asking for a king. They admitted it and asked him to pray for them and Samuel said to them. "Moreover as for the God forbid that I should said against the Lord in ecosion to pray for your 1 Samuel said."

San led tee guized that praverlessness is sin and that it is sin will not extenuating circumstances. It is utterly inexeus able. There is no reason why any of God's children should be

prayerless.

None of us is perfect. Not one of us can say, "I am pure, There is no spot of wrong thinking within me. There is no blemish of selfish pride. There is no bad attitude in my heart." We acknowledge that we are sinners, but sinners saved by grace. Many may have done well in keeping the Ten Commandments, nevertheless we all admit that we are guilty of much wrongdoing, guilty of the sins of the heart and of the spirit, the sins of pride, indifference, and carelessness. These silently creep upon us unaware, and we may not feel deeply responsible for them.

But there is a sin which is wickedness of a far reaching kind. It is the sin of ceasing or failing to pray according as

God has pleaded with us and commanded us

#### Sin Against God

First, let us think about prayerlessness as sin against God Sin is not, ist the brooking of the law or the violation of God's commandments. To think of sin chiefly in this way is to lose the real aspect of it. Sin is against God the person. It is a rejection of his words and purposes robel on against his will and his government. Therefore, sin is rebell on and disobedience against God.

God his placely said that it is his will that nen pray Jesus expressed to swhen he said. Menoright a ways to pray, and not to foot. Take 18.1. The Bible is full of plans simple understandable commandments and teachings that it is God's will that ner make contact with him and keep that contact unbroken, that there may be commanded in between the Father and his children. If there is any manifestation anywhere of what God's will is in this matter of prayer

There are commandments that are indirect and by way of implication, and there are commandments that are direct and

to the point

God gave Adam and Eve just one commandment. So long as

they observed that one there was no need for others. This one common ment expression in the complete will and mand of the first, so the propagate of the first and race. That is the first twas that is constructed in the first trace that the first trace trace that the first trace trace that the first tra

The case Serve process of the server of the

---Interested xx 1 th to I the . . At I retain the the the the transfer of both Ir Consess Latter bremakes to pray for the time to come when the people of Judah shall be restored to their land. To refuse Ced's command here would be a sin against his purposes for the fature.

The proport Isa at plea carrest's with the people of Israel to pray H said to them Said with a Lord while I e may be found call we apon aim while 'e size r' (Isa 55.6). This was a plain command through the proplet to the people to get thems lives in touch with the Lord the all prayer in order that the Lord more than that the his parameter sins and make their truthelian lacking done Again for the pray would have being a discount to a large.

The wirk of Isas in Mathew 778 are such clear contained and that they want to a religiously None car programs as a such that words. Ask and at dall to remy such and is the words. Ask and at dall to remy such and is the words. In or the and he to the left for the area of the such as a total to be present threshold as a such as a such and ments.

At a result of the result of t

Tre three the rest of the Lorentz and a next Lum Colon of the rest Again, prayerlessness is a sin against God because it is an act of district. Trust is that attitude of the soul that links us in deep, abiding fellowship with our Heaven's Father, but when we refuse to pray we break that trust and sin against God.

God has promised abundance. He conditions our receiving this abundance upon our simple, believing prayer to him in

the name of the Lord Jesus

All of us deeply desire all that God has promised but how few there are that trust the truth thess of God. God says, "Open thy mouth wide and I will fill it (Psilm 51.10). But men sit idly by and refuse to act. This is district that his no excuse save refusal to recognize the growthess and love of God.

District is born of ignorance of his promises, and that ignorance is inexcusable, because the Worl of God if e Bible, is in our hands and men have to his again and again of its glorious promises about prayer and or God's district on share

with us the wealth of the world

Consider this word of God to Jerenniah concerning praver. "Then shall be call upon no individual go und privation me and I will hear ken unto you. And we shall seek me and find no whill he shall seek me and find no the shall he heart. Surely, we cannot burn away from this desire to meet and to know God. To do shall to contract on the God of no consequence, and surely that is so."

Consider again the set of provises in Psilm 91.14-16. Because he had set his love pointing therefor wild I deliver him. I will set him on high because he had known my name. He shill collision the and I will answer him. I will enough him in trouble, I will deliver him and honor thim. With long life will satisfy him, and show him my salvation."

In these verses the great, eternal lowing God offers to this man who leves him these mirrorb sillessings. These are

blessings for which we would pay richly if we could, but they are offered to us upon the condition of our love for God and our calling upon him. Not to call upon the Lord in response to these great promises is like throwing a mill on dollar gift back into the face of a loving giver—a dreadful sin.

There are many such promises and commandments, both direct and indirect and all of them magnify the possibility of this prayer relationship between child and Heavenly Father. To fail here to ignore the Lord in this matter, is plain

disobedience and we walk a path of thoms

Distrust is sin. God said con-criting Israel when they turned their backs upon him at Kadesl. Barnea, "How leng will it be ere this people believe in me?" And he turned them back into

a wilderness of wandering for thirty nine years

Prayer cash as a sin against God because in the mild and will of God his work goes forward on our knees. Isn't that what he says in 2 Chronicles 7.14°. If my people which are called by my name shall humble themselves, and pray and seek my face, and time from their wicked ways (then will I hear from beavin, and will forgive their sin and will heal their lind. Always everywhere the work of God has whated on the prayers of the people. Only God can do this eigeratitings that have wants concata only by our prayers can be act. Not to pray is to diff the God's purpose, and that is sin for which there as no express forgiveress we had no excuse. Whin we don't pray we work against God.

Finally pracedessicss is an aranst Godde a sent destroys the claim. I through which our thinkin iess thwo up to him. All of is one this cribe of thanksgiving to Goddenstantly. So multisorthat the apostle Pad write. In every time give thinks." I Tessis 5.16. And another time. "Giving thinks to God in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ for everything" (cf. Eph. 5.20. When we become thankless we become sinners.

against God and man

As thanksgiving goes out the doors of our lives other sins troop in, and we find purselves in level annuaging a st God

#### Sin Against Men

When more pray they clearly men and rater. In Isalah 40 15 If I make seal. Help notice in the research of a busket and are contact as the smallest extensive houses berold be taketh up to a loss of the smallest and the contact as their materials of they are the smallest than the smallest and the contact and the contact as their materials of their materials of their materials.

In the confirmation, Time, " Peringer priorth tream tale James Condine to the demonstrate about 18 a more to ar Die Brillprin it to transfer it Bracel wer t work worth Ir re the trees of You I to be to I He was a comment ever to the contract of the rans of the termination of tem net sur the tire to retire oforth tr 1 1, ef, e r t r . . . ke but 1 5 t I t to it, it is t in the t' \_\_\_\_\_ te r ard n t H . . t r r port a the first age wastt Little , ( ) , ( ) , ( ) , ( ) the pld le print that live to how still 1 ! To the state to firthe f re. t., t = pr It. v = nm mit att a late a coret las life le was praying for four souls a day when he was stricken and died at the age of forty seven. Then ghiprover God used him mightily to that go the lives of men.

How the representative the Hole Spirit a chance to use the word of Codity convet sinners. Through our provers he containes this work and their hearts and mails are enlighten has to the way it sall from and they turn to the Lord are reserve him. Not to provide men is to sin a tinst their and to the contained leath. What so could be worse than that?

Is a rear for the second of the set of the second of the s

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Proches we are the train of Code don't see Indelies the property of the theory of more with the sent the great of the Lorine Zerillet of several Notice word of the Lorine Zerillet of several Notice who have

by power, but by my spirit south the Lord of hosts." Praver brings the Hely Spirit into action in the ministry of money within the churches of God, and fad ire to pray leaves the church poverty stricken and unable to carry forward its program. This is sin against people

Prayerlessness is without doubt the cause of worldliness in the churches. It is a fact that praying pastors have less worldliness in their churches than pastors who spend their time in things of social interest but neglect the greatest of all values, the matter of prayer. Every paster of us ought to feel a deep sense of guilt that we pray so little and allow Satan to create so much deadly worldliness among our members. We can change that if we will give ourselves to prayer

#### Sin Against Oneself

Not only is prayerlessness sin against God and against people, but it is sin against oneself. When you do not pray, you cut off the flow of the Holy Spirit's alm glaty power into and through you. True it is that as a child of God redeemed by the blood of the Lord Josus Christ, the Holy Spirit is in you, but prayerlessness sluts out his power. Everyone knows that when the Holy Spirit has access to a many heart, then that man is used by the Holy Spirit So prayerlessness is an against oneself and his utility for the kingdom of God.

Prayerlessness stints potential growth. Fraver is like the enriched soil in which flowers and trees and grants produce abundantly. But when prayer dies not one dies not grow and where he should have been a grant he is a pyomy

Prayerlessness dooms one to spartial poverty in understanding the ways of God poverty in understanding the work of God poverty in influencing the lives of officers. We live for these things, and to be poor in prayer is to be poor in everything.

Prayerlessness is sin against oneself because it is rebellious

unbehef Rebelhous unbehef destroys. It is suicide not to pray, and suicide is dreadful sin.

If we who preach the word were convinced and would accept the testimons of God's Word that praverlessness is a heincus sin a sin of rebellion unbend and distrast we sarely would turn purselves about and charge the world by prayer

Men who shrink from stealing from the reciglibers from cheating in a business deal from committing in in ral acts, from robbing God of his table, men who were not commit minler rob a bank nor known gly commit acts that are considered sin vet will be grate of this worst of sins. The act of righted stress which would cleaned the beauty of the praying person and of the persons proved for is neglected and ignored and we settle down to indiffer in a

Jesus vaid. Men eight always to prov. Lake IS IV. Let us confession round this relater and with deep vice to hid cate oraselves to this greatest of all works. Let werk it decressory prayer.

### 5. Can God Do It?

In the second menth of the second year after the Israelites came out at Egypt, they left Mt. Sina, and ourneved three days toward the Profisco. Land. During encampment the people marmined concerning the lack of certain kinds of food.

"The anger of the Lord was kindled greath. Moses also was

displeased Num 11/10

Moses childed the Lord because he had laid pen him the bridgen of this people and to asked the Lord. When a should I have flesh to give unto all this people?

I wanted able to bear all this people if the Name 11 13-140.

Mesestl masked God to take slite

The lord replace that he would give the people flish to eat and that they should eat in those day in ritive mer five porter, nor twinter local world menth into the anaclar harmeto them.

And Moses s. I. The people among whim I am are six hundred to exact featmer, and thou hist said. I will give them fills, that they may eat a will be north. Non. 1, 21). Moses expressed a very grave doubt as to the ability of God to provide. And the Lord said unto Mises, Is the Lord's hand waxed short? they is all see new whether my word shall come to pass into thee crinot. Non. 11, 23).

The Lord kept his word an I brought meat

Another illustration of the Lord's keeping his word was in the closing days of Nebuchodnezzar's siege of Jerusalem. For forty years Jeremiah had pred, ted destruction if the people did not return to the Lord His words were about to see fulfilment. The Babblemia armas had besuged the city for several menths of existing and weakened the Jewish solliers and people surrender was in tribent.

At that pend the Lea teld perman to but his uncles land feren, in the strate. He mayed to the Lord siving that he understood that he Lord was perhapt to hard for the Lord that the Lord was rething to hard for the Lord that the Lord was the Great the May as Good the Lord of heets. Great in sense, and months in work" (Jer. 32:18-19).

But the closest sum of led by Balylona is and the thing that God had sastracted Jurials to say had come to pass. "Another rest said untermo O Lei Load bis there had for mency for 12-25.

Jernal was distressed and persps localited of this wise in bit the Larly seller, good assor Rel III in the Lore, the Composite field in the react thing too bard for me?" (Jer. 32-27).

The Lard went on the fell limit the world active this extends by slopens are they she is destroy to Fell her of June 1900 has been considered by the first of the first text of the world be Gods people and the self of the first of the first

#### A Pertinent Question

What Moses and what Joremiah were thinking was this "Car. God do it?" And this question is just on the fit there never has been and there never will be a time when men will not be asking, can God do it? And they will find their answer

in the Lord's question, "Is there anything too hard for the Lord?"

Men say how could Moses doubt<sup>2</sup> During the past year he had witnessed the mighty acts of God in delivering Israel out of the power of Pharaol. He had witnessed the great deliverance at the Red Sea and the destruction of Pharaoh's army God had given Israel water out of the rock. He had given them manna day by day. He had done marvelous things for the people.

And if this were not enough, God had brought Moses up into the mountain and there had revealed houself in I had

shown him his glory

But now Moses questioned God's ability to field this

people.

On the other hand, the prophet Jeremial I id not had such a demonstration of miraculous events but God had been vividly red to Jeremiah. Men maght think that Jeremiah should have been stronge.

Everyone of us has this same problem. When God's intervent on his passed and become a bit duran our monaria and we face difficilit tasks, we also find on a live asking the question. "Can God de it?" It is important that we either again and again to the throne of grace and to the Word of God and let our minds be refreshed and resiliented. This we might see and understand the great and glorious way in which God desires to work with us and through us.

#### What God Cannot Do

Is there anything that God cannot do? We have to answer: "Yes,"

He cannot be untrue to himself or to others. It is his very nature to be true to his immost being

It is impossible for God to he, for God is truth

It is impossible for God to overlook sin. That is, he cannot

count it as nought. Sin is a disrupting, destroying, deathdealing force. It is darkness in a kingdom of light, and God cannot tolerate it. Therefore, he cannot overlook it.

God cannot work his works in the midst of unbelief. Jesus could do no mights works in Nazareth because of the city's unbelief. When God works to achieve things for a man, he makes that man's part opation dependent upon the faith of his heart, and if that faith is not there. God's works bypass that man.

As Jesus was hanging on the cross, the scribes and the priests said. He saved ethers hansel he cannot save" (Math. 27-42). As the Sen of Golfand as Cod the See he had come to make things right between Golfand in therefore because of who Le was and what he was to do be could not save humself.

God carret be barried. God cannot be deceived, God is not need. J. Cod exercit be changed.

God can deall that he has parpool to be no whatever the purpose of his heart be will be tradiscoverting

Collimpered to create a universe in the distributed at the protect of the right as a a gentlement as a collimpered against Color of the right and the collimpered to bright the savet of the benefit back within the fellowship of Cold and to the Collinder of the chasm.

God still has his perposes, and God still weeks all that he purposes.

#### He Honory His Frameses

God has promised that which will in the every Christian a remarkable person. Belief that he ke pish sive I will enable any person to reach into the great the sinc house of Gols promises at divatch. God perform what he has promise I

God has promised to that individual who will receive the Lord Jesus Christ that he shall have a new heart, a new nature that he shall be a particler of the divine nature. These are remarkable and mirror loss things. Can God make the drunkard sober? Can he make the Larlot pure? Can be make the gambler honest? Can be save the list "good" man? Can he reveal himself to the heart of a littly child as we has to that of a grown person? At these things God has dine and continues to dir. Of these things we are constant with says.

Can God keep his promises about prosperity? God has made some straightforward statements to men about this matter.

In the first chapter of Joshua the Lord charged Joshua to be strong and courage or sito the end that he might observe all the law which Mises. God's servant had commanded. And then the Lind said. "Turn not from it to the right hand or to the left, that thou mayest prosper whithersoever thou goest" (v. 7).

But the I or I was not through yet. He went on to say, "This book of the law shall not depart out of the mouth but thou shalt meditate therein day and night that thou mayest observe to do according to all that is written than for then thou shalt make the way presperous and then thou shalt have good success" (y. 8).

In the first Psalm we read that the man who meditates on the law of the Lord day and right is like a tree that is planted by streams of water that bears its first abundants. And that man who this meditates on the law of the Lord prospers in whatever he does

Properly 3 ± 10 says "Homer the Lord with the substance and with the first fruits of all thine increase. So shall the barns be filled with plenty, and the presses shall burst out with new wine "This is a promise based on conditions."

In Malach, 3 10 the Lord makes promises that would save

obedient persons from poverty if they would but fulfil the conditions of that promise. Bring ye all the tithes into the storehouse that there may be most in more house. This is the condition that we bring one tenth of our incomes into the house of the Lord that there may be ample supply for God's work as ally and around the world.

And God promises that, with the bringing of that one tenth into his pouse, we will be able to prove him in his promised faith filness. While does he promised "I will populate the windows of heaven, and pour you out a Liessing, that there shall not be roof consight or conclude." That is like saving "I will open every bank want and give you free access to al."

That is not all that God are Israel was a people whose playsical website do seal I upon the grand's producing its crops in season. It was also a sand that exists you here had an axis or of costicivity needs such as ocists. Also, there would be droubles and the fruit was I not one to ripeness.

But I stee to what Goodsax act will do "I will rely be the downer [the lacist] for over these and he shall not estroy the frats of via ground real risk all very time cost length to before the tax in the fall south the I relief as s. M., 3-11).

Some people will say You wouldn't want made table in onlet to prosper week, send On one treates extend it is no bit I would want to the later that there much be meat in Goes hose and to to the good angle be proceeded are notice at the that have global ever fath in the God who makes the process Topic specity is hotography and theirs to receive proving they believe Goes were supply and implicitly. That is forth

If God's child en lie use that God can loat is rily there is no question in the riminds but that leave I Disoledierce to this plain command and promise and cat is that we have little

confidence in the ability of God to perform what he promises.

In the eighth chapter of Deuteronomy Moses relates to the people how the Lord has led them through the wilderness God clothed them, fed them and led them all the way, and they are to remember and not to say in their hearts. My power and the neight of mine hand both gotten me this wealth" (v. 17) But they shall remember the Lord thy God for it is be that giveth they power to get wealth that he may establish his covenant." v. 18. Then God says, "If thou do at all forget the Lord thy God I testify against you this day that ye shall surely pensh," v. 19. They sproperty to reverse

Every person, who believes this promise in Malacha discovers a promise keeping Good. He late K. C. Howard Sr. of Oklahama City was both a his massion and a pistor, and he was not the few secressial in both. He was a from stoward of Gool and a preacher at the title is the retrieve that Good required. He used to close his same in on thing he saving "Any men who will highly title for one via rail and does not prosper if he will come to use and tell incertain he had tall felly and that Cool has not blessed him. I will pay lack every point that his title cost him." After many years at this premise he said tent to one had ever come to claim a repayment.

Yes God can keep his provise concerning the matter of mores, and it we are furthful at will not tak as song to the more that he seeming the virtualization and have a lives is triverfevery of rithing that Call a miteral ladge will be can do it and le will

when our facta meets has centutous

#### God's Plan Revealed

Why should God make known his purpose to a man, and ther show to thist man that he has shosen ham to carry out this purpose<sup>2</sup> He premises him great things and declares that his power will make the man able to do the things which God has purposed. Then God acts to reveal himself to that man and through that man to all that fellow him.

Therefore laying closen his man and having communicated to him his purpose there follows in various ways and in various times the man lessation of divine wisdom and power

Every wire while Coll has princed areas or small when completed by his cloven man has added much to mens knowledge and acceptancing of Cod.

The cristion of the Messish is demonstrain whom was to come Gods. As the Id-Man and Savierr of the world for isleed the great dynamics by which circumstakes with the beginning the progress and the color interest of the surpeople and a showing the color interest of the surpeople and a showing the color interest of the surpeople and a showing the color interest of the surpeople and a showing the color interest of the surpeople and a showing the color interest of the surpeople and a showing the surpeople

Within I is a work of Cod's propose or potential of the potential work is seen to be I have given as the potential work to reinjury of a long to the following the following the following the propose of the propose of the propose of the propose of the following the fol

Calaske il a reg Mr han in the bir is Sir hie withou old tors ah, thin it expect the birth of an Hierarh this was repossible All har and Sir hierarch that bet Galland space is been the time they are sident to be hard of they are sident to be birth of Isaac strekt to so often asked. Can Galland shade

That they become type, int and some thinked suights evident in the Hagar Ishmarl open to be seen the birth of Ishmael God appeared to Abrahan reinforming to word that

he would have a son by Sarah and assuring him that he was in no hurry. Abraham was to be the father of many nations, but a particular nation would come through Isaac. That nation would spend four hundred years in a strange land as captives and would be oppressed but at the end of these four him fred years it would come out from that land and enter into this land which had been promised to Abraham.

Before Abraham's children would become a nation in the land of Canaan God would fill in the pattern with other figures. Is not Jicob Joseph Moses. Aaron Jishua and others who would do great are miraculous things. The hand of God would be seen revealing that God or lid do it.

No better ill istration of God's guiding providence in fuffilling his purpose is to be found than that shown in the life of Joseph Jiseph was despised and hated by his brothers who plotted to destray him. When an opportunity came to their hands to make a little money by selling him as a slave, they did just that And these slave traders carried him down into Egypt and sold him into Egyptian bondage.

Possessed by an almost divine sense of righteousness and duty had in the Lord Joseph survived herce temptations. For his victory he was imprisoned. There he became assistant to the head of the prison, and by a set of humaniv unbelievable circumstances in the reconvears he had become prime minister.

of Egypt.

Pharach was tro-bled by dreams he did not understand Joseph interpreted these dreams saving that God had revealed to Fharach that there would be seven years of plenty followed by seven years of drought and famine Because of his wisdom in such matters. Joseph became the great administrator of Egypt an iffairs during this period.

His brothers, knowing nothing of what had happened to Joseph, came to Egypt to buy grain. After their second visit Joseph made himself known to his brothers. "And Joseph said

unto his brethren. I am Joseph, doth, my father vet live? And his brethren could not answer him, for they were troubled at his presence. And Jiseph sail unto his brethren. Come near to me. I pray you. An I they cam, near, And he sail. I am Joseph year brother, whom we sold into Egypt. Now therefore he not grieved nor angry with yourselves, that we sold me lather for God did seed one Lefore you to preserve Life. (Gen. 45.3-3). And thus God again revealed himself, having shown that he could do it.

God's pattern unfolded further with the arrival in Egypt of Jacob and his seventy descindants. The people multiplied They became are art ore full million persors and found themselves in bondage to the Pharach of Egypt. Agon. God's hand move liar like revealed himself in a full manner to Moses and Moses became God's revealing man to Israel and to all manner l. When Gold hald Moses to rest in his unknown grave, the revealation to Abraham, given four lindred years before his discounted a real ty. God worked might be and Israel came to know him by his marvelous to the

The world know the true and living God because he demonstrated through the life of this Me such nation, through Jesus Christ and today through his believing people, that he can do it.

Get still faces us and flers in the privilege of discovering him in carrying out a specific assumed task for our energy agement. For the building and strengthening of our faith we have before us in the Bible examples of men who faced the question. "Can God do it?" and who saw him do it.

Could God deliver Israel from an enraged Pharaol and his army at the Red Sca. They believed themselves hopelessly out off and ready to be destroyed. They were fearful that all they had passed through would be for noight, but God, by his wind opened the Red Sea and led Israel across safely. Could God do it? He did.

Could Gideon, Ged's chosen man, with an army reduced to three hundred, drive out the Midianites from the land? God did

it and delivered them from their oppressor

Jerusalem, surrounded by the Assyrian army, taunted by a proud boastful general, faced imminent destruction. Unless God intervened all was lost! But there were in Jerusalem a praying king and a praying prophet. They carried their problem to the Lord, and the Lord Jid a marvelous thing and turned back the invader. Yes, God did it.

Three young men of Israel on transfor the ribers refused to bow the knee to Nebuch diezzar's image. Sentenced to be destroyed in the furnace, they declared that God coold deliver them if he pleased. There was no quest of an their min is as to whether God could deliver. The three were east into the fire,

and their faith was justified. Gold did deriver,

These things will writer for our example and for our admention add for the building of our to th

#### God Can and He Will

It is one gleer our privilege to discover and to find God as he reveals himself to us in his working with us and through us. We discover him as he imparts to us some task to perform and with it a word of assurance from his Book. As we stand upon

his Word and walk with the Lord in his work, we see God

performing what he has said he will do.

Every child of God can discover God at work in at least one place—his own home. Many things beyond the power of human beings are achieved and only God can do them. Every parent has the glorious work of setting a Christlike example, of being a good teacher of breathing out an atmosphere of love and grace so that every person who is privileged to grow in that home becomes a work of God's grace.

Can God do it. If God has made the assignment if you have received his word of assurance, if you commit yourself to him and the leadership of the H ly Spirit it is a foregone conclusion that God can and will do what he has promised

For one magement we could turn to Romans 5/32. "He that spared not his own Son but do overed him up for us all how shall be not with him also freely give us all things?"

The Israelites came to Kadesh Barnes. There they were tested In feat they refused to go forward inder the leadership of Moses into the Promised Land. To Moses God said, 'How long will it be ere they believe in mer?', Nim. 14.11). In disolar linear they turned had a and at God's command wondered in the wideleness until all who were above twenty years of the except Joshan and Col. In Id.

They had been victoric is a rice to ear is pill diffey gone across under the lead ish pint Moss and had those thirty-nine years in the land with God it could have made a

vast difference in the cert mes that followed

When Go I calls we should have but one answer "Here am I, Lord send me. God can do it. He specializes in things that seem impossible.

## 6. Prayer Unlimited Within God's Limits

The greatest problem concerning prayer is not the problem of prayer itself but the problem of the Christian in his failure to pray. Those who really pray and make use of this God-given privalege constitute a very small manning the great body of Christians.

The Christian's greatest resource with God and man is prayer. With prayer he opens the gates of heaven end, and God to pour forth his good things upon men. With prayer ne releases the transforming guodness and power of God upon all The power of a prayer gunan is felt both in heaven and on earth. There is no greater petert, I given to God's children for blessing men than this marvel is instrument of prayer.

Prayer makes available the unbounced supplies. If God. No one needs to work in priverty material or spiritual. Jesus said, "Seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you. Matt. 6.13. With but few except his we give hearty mental assent to this teaching of our Lord But with almost aniversal neglect we declare our anbelief and our infidelity in the matter of prayer. The great lost of Christian people do not pray as God would have them to do.

If a limitless supply of material wealth were made available

to men upon condit us that any man could perform every man a lild device himself to the basics of becoming qualified to than his dere to the way of the worst time aside nor were an arguery be needed to many your.

Is not this shall be the markle his male would be the resources of reasons to any period who will course with his countries. While the transfer is returned to be not a surface to be not received and resource to be not received and orangement.

please a lated that to be too. In words to a give alter, but be easy to as on an Go aged a related through the first beautiful to the first the structure of the first beautiful to a different beau

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When he has feeter as every a composition of the head of the head of the head of the head of means he while, men know and a composition of conductional of conductions.

#### Boundless Limits

Out of such a life of prayer Jesus Zives is many promises about prayer. In these promises are the Landations or the fences within which we are to pray but the limitations are so grand that none ever needs to feel cramped or in any way out short.

Let me herewith set forth situations and Jesus' words concerning pracer. First is Matthew 15:19-20. Again I say anto you. That if two of you shall agree on earth is to asking anything that they shall ask it shall be done for them of my Father which is in beaven. For where two in the molecular gathered together in my name, there am I in the molecular gathered together in my name, there am I in the molecular shall ask in pracer belowing vest all receive. Then there are those in the further of her are those in the further of her are of John verses 13 and 14. "And whatsoever we shall ask in my name, that is I. I. I. I that the Father may be glarfed in the Son. If you hall ask a what is that he had not words about non-vestal ask what we will at lat shall be done into you." And yerse 16. That whatsoever we shall ask of the Father in my name, he may give it you."

Surely in these verses Jesus has set before us the marvelous possible to sef prover Lambed vertainlimited

Then there are these works of Jesus which are without qualify tien when he said. Ask and it shall be given you, seek and visibility of all find knick and it shall be opened into you. For expose the tasketh received, and light seeketh finished and to him that kneeketh it shall be opened. Matt 7:7-8)

The mostle John in 1 John 3.22 gives a supporting testimony. He write "Whit over we ask we receive of him, but use we keep 1 s con mandments, and do those things that are placing in his sight." He expresses the same to thin Gods.

provision by prayer in I John 5.14-15, "And this is the confidence that we have in him, that if we ask anything according to his will, he heareth us. And if we know that he hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we desired of him." Considering the greatness of this area in which God has himsted prayer by two things, the name and the will, the name of Jesus and the will of God—we should not hesitate to lay hold and seek out all that God has provided for each of us.

We are forced to return once more then to James's word "Ye have not because we ask not." It would seem that Satan, the great deceiver, has truly deceived God's people and created within them a hopoless feeling of anbelief concerning prayer.

But why?

To whom were these promises made? Immediately we say that they were made to his disciples that accompanied him. That is true and their works show that they believed him and experienced what he promised.

But we believe that he made these promises to all of us to all who should believe on him, and that includes each disciple in

this day and in every day. None is excepted.

James wrote again concerning praver in these words. This was a min subject to like passions as we are and he praved earnestly that it might not rain, and it rained not. And he prived again, and the leaven gave rain. 5.17.15. Elias had the same passions that we have and we have the same that Elias had Elias praved and God heard him. We can pray and God will hear its. These promises of our Lord are to the redocmed, the horn, gain children of God. He has no favorates and when his children comply with his unchanging and inchangeable conditions, they find the greatest fulfilment. Truly praver is unlimited within the limits which God has set and it he can complain that the limits which God has set and it he can complain that the limits which God has set and it he can complain that the limitations are too narrow.

Let us take a good look at God's unlimited limitations. So much is available to us in the name of Jes's that it appears to be inferite in its scope. This being true, we should ben't every energy we have toward the discovering of what he means by praying in his name.

First let it be said that from general observations. God does answer pracers that do not seem to full within the range

exalted limits of "in my name"

So et is thank concerning the name. With us a name means very little. Usually, a person pears a name because the parents. Face a triend with that name or because it is a beautifue so indeed name or it and that so including name or it and the so including name or it and the so including name.

In the B ble however mam r pies wer gien bee se of what had happened or what it was bord or a super A good Histration is that I lack loom a to be the Francis a twin He was . 'daz is to La is ... dirith birth process Ites chillen the while and I trainer so poter Fir metricated brettalante limbs history se med to do is hist to live up to ! Tiking advantage the brother squatles ger from line, Eas but to I Lat reposith the illatte mater her 1 lbs little the sterrent to receive mither near greatem ter in high In that creas he spect is the wrecellers life or all them marke in other and I she good Colynchip neal art ring related Callola haper attlepart (1) with on prand has pranted out in the Trans the mean root by n u n me and lay firl by lack according to what that name meant

Consider another estimate in the fill I are in the concerning the name. This time it was the name of the I and In a time of

crisis in the life of Moses, God said, "I will make all my goodness pass before thee, and I will proclaim the name of the Lord before thee. Ex. 33.19. Then the Lord tole han that there was a place by lam in the rock and that he would pass by and let Moses see his hinder parts, but his face he could not see.

The Lord descended in the cloud and stood with him there, and proclaimed the name of the Lord. And the Lord passed by before had not defined aimed. The Lord The Lord God merchal and gradual is to god the stood that he eping merchan for the stood and at a data of a positive or depth keeping merchan for the stood for an analysis of the form the control of the form the color of the form the form

What then theur our use of the name? Perhaps we right to start with Josus' words in Matthew 6.7.9. When so prive the not vain more than so work Father knoweth what there so have needed. In the you asso have After this minimum there is pray to Our Father which art in He win Hallow. I he thy name the too discontinuous of our Lord in private these four yor to be lewer, but a right "should often be and our high satell aways in our hearts. Our greatest are to prayer is explicate, a tress four words. When we have Landa be provided words works continuely and they have he come a part of us, we are well prepared to begin to cut in to what Joses meant when he said. Whatson only shall a kin my rime.

To prove this came stable in his rame and to have long one upon its. The best of lists to not be fact is to all to feel, statements in verses \$-13 of John 14. In the every \$1 all pool to Jesus. Show us the Father and we shall be satisfied. RSV: Then Jesus answered. "Have I be not olong to most of and yet hast thou not known me. Phup the that hat i seen me bath seen the Father. Believest thou not that I am in the

Father and the Father in me<sup>2</sup> The words that I speak unto you I speak not of myself but the Father that dwilleth in me, he doeth the works" (KJV). Then Jesus goes on to say, "He that believe in on me, the works that I do shall be do also." These words set forth the relationship between the disciple and his Lord. As the Father was in Jesus and Jesus was in the Father, so we who believe are in Jesus and Jesus in us. As Jesus said. He that hath seen the Father. So it becomes true of us also that he that hath seen us hath seen Jesus We may be very poor representations of him nevertheless we should do our utmost to gave a true picture to those about us of the Clirist that is an us.

It is out of this circum with Christ that I enter into the experience of privation his name. To pray in the name of Jesus is to be so little fee to hair so united to him that his thoughts become my thoughts his desires become my desires his life becomes my life his nature becomes my hat reliable prayers.

are n v pravers and my pravers are his provers

We not believed an Jesus I received him I received his not his life his will his kingdom. I received his H. h. Spirit. Therefore to practic his name is one of the most sained works that I and do A i him. Mirror in his book With Christian the School of fire and What His rame is everything to ment. What His rame is everything to ment. What he have not because we skind? Apparently with kinds have have not because we skind. Apparently with kinds has well as each open in his offered a will be a little and those who pray in his name.

No one on know the poster and the proof the view and the brind rection of whem kes bet little select prover. When we can ider the territorial restrict of men in this matter of prover we and tractional restrict the fulfiller of people both indicated and effectively, both as isolated. Christians and as holder known as the ries. The great method ency and

powerlessness of the churches today can be traced to the

praverlessness of both leadership and laymen

Every Christian should set his heart an immed and soul and will to pray regularly every lay. The psalmist said morning, moon and hight will I pray Urless we definitely set our purpose to pray for a worthy length of time dialy, we shall never make much of the glorious gift of prayer. And when we pray as we might problems about prayer variable. He who enters into the vine branch relationship exvotes himself not the problems of prayer, but to the problem of getting himself to pray and entering steadfastly then in

The proposed Habakkak wrete 3.19 The Lord God is no strongly and a whiteker in feet like hards teet, and

howstrak retawdkupor man higi places

The land set open deduce it is sufficient to mand can clind the range depoks begins at the important blooming the light recks where no other intervals and each three as the intervals open to each to reck to plants again the intervals of the land to the intervals of the whole the first feet has been appropriately in a feet will be later to each and the intervals of the will be later. The intervals of the process of the intervals of the process of the intervals of the process of the intervals of the later to t

Or then feet are series below and purpose and we plant their firm you have a keepermined to have a athy priver by south united or Jews Oran ar feet recover a cur. Holy Spart filled leteralistic and will to airy than a finite sare, what we call prover are the gent stood plants become any about your extension of the result of the cover is unlimited when God's limitations and to are here is tood.

failure.

# 7. Stir Up Yourselves to Pray

I bought a can of paint one day and as I was about to leave the store the clirk said to be. In time store the process of the paint with a wooden paddle and low much time it took I demirred "On it will take too much of your time. But he answer I wo just a moment."

He clamped that can of paint family on a managed pped a switch, and the can was thoroughly shaken and started. When I opened it and largen to use at it was a perfect and ten. When I finished for the day I paint a var. A new laws later I came back and I und that it in a settle and loss to be started again before it will be used.

That it of part is a part ble of the prover afe of God's people. The prover late las to be started, not last seed, but again and again.

Another stration is that of a will fire in the freplace. It bins I will distribute per the ash heap turns white Bit if we stirt the embers in 1 plata at the wild in them will averafire once men. That it will a parable of our prayer life.

It is a rare person whose prover fir borns stead to without being repleciohed or stirred up. The fact is that this fire like all wood fires needs constant attention. It is arm and glows for

a brief time, then, in our times of inattention, the blaze dies down the heat vanishes and we find ourselves in desperate need of stirring up the fire once more.

Furthermore, not only does the fire of prayer need attention but nobody can tend to it but ourselves. We must take the initiative and see to it that we stir ourselves up to pray. We cannot dipend on others for this service.

Not to stir o riselves up to take hold on God is in itself a great failure. Here lies the chief source of our weakness our disobedience our unfaithfulness. The secret of our failures lies in our failure to make use of secret prayer, and just as true is it that the secret of our successes is found in our practice of secret prayer. No on prays much in secret who does not strup himself to this work.

Some years ago a pastor was speaking to a group of fellow pasters on the solpect of prayer. Since his aim was to help train to deepen their proving refelt a stified at asking low much the earth ore of their spirit daily at prayer. The replies were stocking. With a good load of embarrassment to yadratted that they did not special regionally more than five minutes a day at this all or provide his ness.

If the preachers do no better than this the chances are that their congregations do less. We do not have to look far for the cause of the decline in spirit all power in our churches.

Since prayer is fellowship with G d. Eve minutes duly reveals how little we approve to Gold and the privalege of sitting before him "Bo stall and know that I am God." Psalm 46-10.) Just to fulfil this is in each wonderful prayer. During such still ness our priver could well be what Jesus tinglities, "Our Father who art in leaven. Hall well be the name." (Matt. 6-9). We need to sit before God long enough for the sacredness and holiness of his person to overshad withe spirit and mind. This cannot come to pass if we harry in and hurry out. Take time, because praying needs time.

#### Prayer Initiative

Again let me say that this matter of stirring up oneself to pray depends on one's own initiative. Initiative of this kind is shown in Luke's account of the woman who had been all for twelve years and had spent all her money on physicians and was no better but rather grew worse. She had heard the things concerning Jesus. She was ill, weak weary, but she stared herself up to lay hold on Jesus. It took a lot of initiative a lit of courage, a lot of willpower to push her way through that crowd of men to reach Jesus. As she neared him her words failed, but, she thought if I can only touch the hem of his garment, I shall be healed. Her faith, was great. She touched him. Jesus read her thought, and the healing spark touched her body and brought her health.

Initiative is our own personal responsibility. We cannot liy this upon any other person. Another may stimulate us for a short-time. He may put needed feel on the fire. It may be done by a warm sermen or a good book on prayer, or we may ga away in the a prayer retreat with others. All these things do much for us, but the real stirring must be done by each person for himself. The only reas in for a message on prayer is to set the listeners or the readers to praying, but one must bestir himself. It is not something to talk about to preach about in sermons or devotionals. It is something to be practiced.

Earnest, praverful thinking about God as he is seen and known through the teaching of our Lord Jesus Christ is a powerful motivation to praver. Think upon his righteousness, his mercy less love his grace his power his work his concern for men. Remember that all that Jesus was and taught and did is but a revealing of the eternal God. To think in this manner consistently, enables us to have a real personal touch as we how our hearts in the divine presence. And this personal touch is a great stimulus for the practice of continuing to pray

Jesus spoke of the Father's great concern for his children in several illustrations. He said: "Are not five sparrows sold for two fartlangs?" And not one of them is forgotten before God." And again, but even the very hurs of your head are all numbered..., he are of more value than many sparrows." (Luke 12.6-7).

Jesus said, "Your Father know th what that gove have need of, before we ask hom", Matt. 6.8. The implication is that, being our Father and knowing our needs he will supply them as we call upon him. God puts himself at our service when we pray and this ought to star our hearts whenever we think of it.

Granted petitions call for more praying. As we receive answers to our prayers, we are moves to pray for more, and to pray it and on. If it exerted keep a record of his praying and his prayers, what he asks and what he receives, then occasionally turn and read this record, he would find it exceedingly

inspiring.

As answer after answer comes there springs up in our hearts a spiral of thinkt liness. We began to say think you to our Heavenly Pather, and this thinksgiving becomes an artisian fountian. There is nothing quite so string in the matter of maxing is to pray as beautifully for the has done for us and with as in inksgiving begets prayer, and the more thanks we gave, the more we are stried to pray.

Another fact that will lelp us to stire pourselves to pray is to recent zert, it God places a greet diperdence upon the prayers of a righteous min in help if of theirs. This is beautifully illustrated in the case of Ahrah mis prayers for the city of Sodom. Abrah in put his prayer on the basis of the number of righteous men in the city. When he reached the number ten he stopped is it beyond possibility that God would have spired Sodom even for one man's sake and that man Abraham?

It is also true that, according to the Scriptures, the eternal salvation of people depends upon the Christian's prayers. To save a man from hell is a work worthy of the death of the Son of God But God has ordained that prayer is the pathway over which the Holy Spirit may go to bring conviction to the sinner's heart. Surely this would stir us up to pray. Think in the other direct on for a moment of we do not pray, men will be lost. This is not good to contemplate, at least of the direct use up to give us any joy.

Personally I have been stirred to pray as I have observed and felt the difference between praying men and men who do not pray. There is a sharp difference in the quality of life and spiritual tone that comes from the man who prays. That same difference is manifest among the chi rches regardless of their size. I once spent several days preaching in a church of fifty eight hundred resident members. Some people say a church gets too big to be spiritual, but that church throbbed with the sense of God's presence. They are a praying people with a

praying pastor,

Stir up courselves to pray by reading of the n en of prayer. There are many of them in the Bible. The record of their lives is but a sketch but it is a sketch that can be developed be arse of the circumstances before and offer the story of the rives. Without any doubt one of the greatest proving men in the Bible was Moses. We think of him as a man mights in action, that is true, and we measure his prayer life by the greatness of his deeds. There are many such men and we need to know them, and knowing them from the standpoint of their prayers, evables, its for stir up to reclyes to be like them.

#### Christ Sets the Example

Of course the chief person of prayer in the Bible is the Lord Jesus himself. His prayer practice is our example. His prayer teaching is our inspiration and guide. To stir ourselves to pray, we need but spend time thinking of how Jesus went away to pray, and how he taught about it. Much of our lack of prayer is due to the fact that we are too busy, so we think, to pray. There are things that must be done, and to us they seem more important than prayer.

Jesus gave us a fine illustration of a busy life. Luke tells of a period when he was exceeding busy and withdrew to pray. "But so much the more went there a fame abroad of him: and great multitudes came together to hear, and to be healed by him of their infirmities. And he withdrew himself into the wilderness and prayed" (Luke 5 15 16)

It seems to me that that decision took courage. May God give us that courage to withdraw ourselves from business to do the things that will make us able to achieve greater things. Luke goes on to say in verse 17 that shortly after Jesus came back, "the power of the Lord was present to heal." There followed instances of great healing.

Following the transfiguration experience, Christ came down the mountain to find the multitude and a man seeking to get the disciples to heal his son. They could not Jesus heal dithe boy and they said. Why is, lid we not do it?" He answered that it was because of their little full for such things are done only by prayer.

Even a superficial leading through the gospels will give one an understanding of how much Jesus had to six about prayer. It was emphatic and confident. He raised no questions about it. He simply said. "Ask and it shall be given viol" (Matt. 7.7). He promise I inviting to those that asked in his name.

He did tell us a few things to do. He charged is to avoid praying to be seen and heard by men. He instructed us to enter into our inner chamber, shut the door and pray to our Father who is in secret. He told us to pray simply and not repetitiously, to put our requests in a few simple words, for the Father knows what we have need of

He also told us a few specific things that ought to be in our praying First, we are to pray "Hallowe I be thy name" (Matt 6.9). This is the heart of prayer, to approach God in deepest reverence and to ask him to make also a time the name above all names revered Again he says. This kingdom come, and this embraces men everywhere that they too it is have this greatest of all gifts God as king in their Lies An Lagur. "Hy will be done." This takes care of the total problem of obedience.

Sincerely, faithfully, believingly to provide so the eigentions will transform our lives and will stir us to ontone in prover Forthermore, concerning our places had she pots it all into one simple statement. Give us this easy our fine bread." That is given as this division of the law What it is the asks for And then to puts a condition of provided time are to fergive if we expect to be trigiven also swritten to discloding, and istand by this that it we are to expect answers to may proves, we must have a conjugate for the

This ter large me nel in labendont whe real and pondered and neglited up a tack will end have to stir ourselves up to pray.

#### Prayer Records

I would suggest one offer thing that we have a late, in a status to prove that is the soling of the begrip less of men when a lateral cooperation. There is no converte best some letter of George VI. If not Best is legal of that man in the wife wear a westworks a versioning, and been led of the Letter to deade to build a ophars have the word, build the orphies home depending upon God, "the Father of the futher, so Ps. Im. 65.5. They would ask no him as being for money proporty, childing or foot. All needs would be led before God only. Their purpose was not only to feed and clothe and educate or hars, but to prove to

the world that God is a prayer hearing and a prayer answer-

ing God.

There were times when their faith was sorely tried. With several hundred orphans to feed there would be evenings when the cooks would tell him. There is no fold in the house for breakfast. And when Min or had dine his correspondence that might be will read his Bible awhile, get down on his knees and lay these needs before his Heavenly Father. And always before the time came for the children to eat the food was on the table.

George Mueller kept a record of his praying. He put it in a journal entitled 'G d's Dealings With George Mieller' Whether it was a little request or a big one he entered it and when the answer came he wiste down to answer and the date. At the time of his heath his friends went through these records and counted more than fifty thousand definite answers to specify path his offered by this man.

Six weeks let be grid lation a young with an our chirely hegan to keep a priver heart. At the or, lot that six weeks she shall made territorine, six acks of the gine dang a record of my prover and in these as weeks that all people have as that they get answers to priving and straightway forget them they are ack dittle testimony in priver metangle heart against its priving a remember man, but they have not of them is a finished up and electrically that he shall are consistent.

At their person and any of the during his course and seran any distance from the sense and are write to recifrom the sense as a series of that a finite who hours counting the constants to priver in my prayer recorbook and I have more than it to a sweas? This out to sur any of us and all of usit, pray

One advantage about a prayer record is that the much of

our praying has been indefinite, with a record we are forced to think and to make things definite. When you write down a request, you must clearly define it. Although you may not have been asking for much, when the answers come, you are made more aware that prayer is the victory that overcomes the world.

In this day especially we ought to bend ourselves before God to pray. The mission task is impossible without God's leadership, but if chough of his children will star up themselves to pray, we will see magnificent victories in every area of the earth, and multitudes will come to the Lord Jesus Christ. Let us then star ip curselves to be men and women of prevailing, interestsory prayer.

## 8. Behold Your God

Israel was at Mount Sman. From the mount the Lord had revealed many things. The Jews had heard the voice of the Lord and were afraid. They said to Moses, "You go up that the Lord and speak for us and don't let us hear the voice of the Lord any more. It is more than we can take" (cf. Ex. 20.19).

Moses went up into the remaind was there forty days. While he was there with God receiving the Ten Commindments and a pattern of the tabernishe and its furniture, the people vidue distance to make a golden call. When it was done they built an alter before it and worshiped it, saying, "It is be thy gods. O Israel, which brought thee up out of the land of Egypt" (32.4).

The Lord informed Moses of what was taking place and declared to Meses that he englit to destroy them, but Mises interceded on behalf of Israel and God grinted his request

However when he return at to the complicational it as God half said. Apportably it was much worse than Moses had imagined. His arger became so bot that he threw the tables of commandments to the earth and broke them. He tells ked the people sharply, then called for men who would go through the cample and destroy those that had sinned in this Justful worship.

Heavy of heart and fall of sorrew at what the people had

done, he returned into the mountain unto the Lord and said, "Oh this people have sinned a great sin . . . Yet now if thou will forgive their sin , and if not blot me, I priv thee out of thy book" (vv. 31-32).

These were indeed dark and dreadful hours for Moses Months and months of work seemed to have len for naught. His people had failed the Lord and were in grave peril of being destroyed. Again he made earnest intercess, in tir them and only his great unselfish offer of himself in their stead saved them.

But he was grieved still more when the Lord sail. "I will send an angel before thee..., for I will not go up in the midst of tree for the airt a stiffnesked people lest I consume thee in the way." 33.2-3. Concerned at this terrible sentence Moses less glit the Ferlithat he in 21 t knew whom the Ford would send with his preparated that I rd said. "My presence shall go with thee" in 14. But still Moses needed encour 2 minute in diasked for an unusual thing. He said. "I less to hither shew me the glory." in 15.

God granted this prover. I will make all my god hess pass he had the end I will provide in the name of the Lord before the conditions and he said. This canst not so my had for there shall no man see me and hive the 1900. The Lord did not what he said he would be the considerable soon hess to pass hid to Mess and million to use his glury at the name of the Lord provideral Misses and on the last here maked in data of the decision. It would misse and on which the up the Lord of leadershap and misses and on which the up the Lord of leadershap and misses on

#### A Vision Withm

No man can be a man of God or do the work of God without the experience and the visam of the living God within himself. In proportion as one has the sharpness of vision concerning the Lord so will his work be effective. Without the

vision a man is just an ordinary man using ordinary methods to try to perform an extraor imary task. This cannot be done

God has always been reliefly to make himself known to his people. He said in Jeren, d. 29.13.14. Ye still seek me and find ne when ye stidt so relifor me with all your leart. And I will be tell to test the Lord. Misses said something smaller to Israel. The shall seek the Lord thy God their shall find him it thou seek him with all thy he art and with all thy soul." Dot 1.29. No manine dot the without the visin of the Lord.

As long as the Israel test fold its vision, they had righter also and achieved Conso will. When they are grew dans the propriate contracts to the mind and to low of their God, at I they to and the resolves to experiently eigen in digit in Israel as prople count these works. On a contract loss good to right zoon get the rap one of the min. On Hour that tellest good to get the rap one of the min. On Hour that tellest good is the get the get to leave the late of the vice with strengt. The proposed formula is a vice of finishing the resource of the late of of the

Robert Voltage and the season of the season

Let us troto so God the Crotin Gold Reliever and God the Father.

#### God As Creator

First I had a or Goldhe Cratic

We turn to the first here of the Bible in little in the opening set has is one of the grandest it, to means ever to fall upon the ears of min. In the hearing God created the heaven and the cirth? Gen. 1.1. If n follows the day is to imprired account of God, or at very civity.

There is no attempt to ad in this narrative with adjectives

It is simple inspiring, majestic. It sets out one great thing, that God is the Creator,

My carly Bible reading was done in a Bible containing Bishop Uslice's chronology at the top of the reference column in the middle of the page. According to that, creation occurred in 4004 Bic. I began the stildy of ancient history in high school. There I met dates of history that took place in Egypt long before 4004 Bic. My history book and my Bible disagreed, and I was in grievous trouble. Walking home from prayer meeting one night with my father. I told him of my heartache about this conflict of dates. He answered, "Son just remember one thing." In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth," My problem varished, and I bless the wisdom of my father in undergirding me with an answer that has never failed.

The theories of men base come and gone and the parade of theories continues to pass by, but as the theories disappear in the distance and other theories march up and pass on, we find that the Word of God still stands

Some years ago a professor of astronomy in a great university speke in our church on the then.e "Astronomy and the Bible" He related how in his early teaching days he had undertaken to work out a harmony between the theories of the origin of the universe and the first chapters of Genes's. He said that he had just gotten his harmonization worked out and had begun to use it when the scientists came up with a new theory that displaced the first. He proceeded once more to work out a harmony and again that theory was displaced. The third time this happered he declared, "I decided that I would quit trying to harmonize the changing theories of man with the unchanging Word. I God."

The great unshakable fact stands the Lord made the heavens and earth, the sea and all that in them is.

Contemplating creation. Isaiah wrote, "Who hath measured

the waters in the hollow of his hand and meted out heaven with the span, and comprehended the dust of the earth in a measure, and weig, ed the mountains in scales, and the hills in the balance. Who hath directed the Spirit of the Lord, or being his counsellor bath taught him?" (40.12.13).

Again Isaiah said, "To whom then will ye liken God? or what likeness will ye compare unto him?" (v. 18). And again, "It is he that sitteth upon the circle of the earth and the inhabitants thereof are as grasshoppers, that stretcheth out the heavens as a curtain, and spreadeth them out as a tent to dwell in" (v. 22).

And he reaches his glorious chmax in verses 28-31. His first words in that passage are, "Hast thou not known" hast thou not heard, that the everlasting God, the Lord, the Creator of the ends of the earth fainteth not neither is weary?"

The writers in the Bible who think upon creation express themselves in a most wonderful way concerning the created universe. David in Psulm 19.1 is typical. The heavens declare the glory of God, and the firman ent shewith his har co-work."

Turning to the New Testament we find that the Lord Jesus Christ is associated with God the Father in the work of creation. John I 1-5 says "All things were made by him, and without him was not any thing made that wis mide" v 3).

The apostle Paul speaking of the Lord Jesus wrote. Who is the image of the invisible God, the firstborn of every creature for by him were all things created, that are in heaven, and that are in earth visible and mass ble, whether they be thrones, or dominions, or principalities, or powers, all things were created by him and for him. And he is before all things, and by him all things consist" (Col. 1, 15–17).

Not only did our Lord Jesus have a hand in the work of creation, but all things hold together by him and for him

Paul says in Romans 1/20. "The invisible things of lam from the creation of the world are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are made, even his eternal power and God head." That is they are understood by the things that are made. For this reason, the people of Israel are without excuse When they knew God they did rat glorify lam as God and they failed to be thankful. Because of this tailure in their lives they become vain in their thinking and their marts became darkened. They counted themselves wise but tour wisdom was foolishness, and they tried to the worship of martis-

The universe which the science of Bible days knew was very small Today our astronomers till us that they have it wit found the eage of the universe. Their mighty teacse per have picked up stellar basics who hathey say are nor than ten billion light veits away. When we think up in the greaters of the universe and when we say How Great Hou Art I has remind ourseaves that the Land Jesus Christian Pavia ar was myolved in all that and that the power of he ever in contacts Lis, and through him s was able to us

#### God As Redeemer

Reholds ar Gal your Redeemer The polemptic and of Ged is exceed nels appointed to every a more than enti-Threigh the healer or we have life it roul of being a future home in glory

When God created in in he created lam with it sin. That is not to say that me had a character that was tested and proved and altimately perfect, but it was smass and in that

sense perfect.

He n tank created us without sin he created us free He created us free to hoose to do Gols will or not to do it. Our first parerts exercised this freedom in rebellion and brought death upon all mankind. We still excrese this freedom and rebel against God. We have become the slaves of sin and of Satan and are doomed to eternal hight. Unless God had moved to save as we were eternally lost

Its Jesses God wranglet redemption. This work took the best that God had. It was not a matter of overlooking mans sin. The sin rest be dispressed of and the God did.

The could act only at hely live The love of God is not a soft, easy at tude it God's find and heart that looks up in man's sing a little to the Hew could at he lattle when it achieves a part it in hetween in namel God's had live such as we know in our relators with each other a might could not bring man book. The love of God's a he's live and Jesus was not so much eneces of to it a method late of God as he was to reveal the holy love of God.

I'm a configuration of Constant the et as almost be a constant in letter be sufficient at the might be noted the relative ress of G. I. to bar," of 2 Cor 5.21).

Gos loly live a tell as an it great an When we say with we lo between seast at ter Wein on the relations with the title season removes going a capture seasons definition or an inhaly or to we that the man it sted by the tarmer is he has cetter testricity to words chose golds field to run. It with it to has setted purpose to destroy sin.

His living lebross, cled in a review of the surier Because G. I led to retic it with a cost single suscould say. God so lood to ear that he gave its colbogetter Sen that we are it beneved in lain, standard

perio Fatt weeverly traffe | here, 16

Leviti us 16 demonstrates how God doubt at the first levid coverant. The states has doubt his arise for saint of the put his land upon the head of that any a and confessed his san Then with las own hand he k. I the arismal TI priest took the blood, sprinkled the alter and made atonoment for

him, and he was forgiven. First atonement, then forgiveness.

In Jesus, God made complete at mercut for sin and offered righted s forgiveness to the repenting believing sinner. This forgiveness was purchased for us at the price of the blood of the Son of God.

We on Peter in recognition of our Redeemer. "Knowing that we were redeemed not with corruptible things with silver or gold, from your vain manner of life handed Jown from your fathers, but with precious blood as of a lamb without blemish and without spot even the blood of Christ, who was foreknown indied before the foundation of the world between manifested at the end of the times for your sake" (cf. 1 Peter 1.15-20. Bendle your God, the Redeemer.

#### God As Father

Finally behold your Heavenly Father

This last is chiefly a New Test ment conception. There are but three or four references in the Old Testament to the Lord as Father. Two of these are in Isainh. Then Olderd art our father our receiver thy name is from exertisting? (63-16). And gain the proplet says. But row Olderd to incart our father we are the drawn of the route of the route our patterned work of this land. 64 So In these two pass was the relation ship is a net or all on rather then a personal income.

However who we turn to the New Text ment the relation slip et tot a rande lib star is eat clearly. It is calls God

Father and terelas as also to say "our Fither"

The relationship in the New Yesta and a right personal. It is moduled to the larger of right faith in our Lord Jesus Christ Field to be the hiphermistrate "through aim we both lave access by the Spirit and the Father". Eph. 2.18

And I sax in John 14 6 sixs. I am the way the truth and the sferred are one those who spirklightly of God's father but by me." There are those who spirklightly of God's father bod. In their thinking

all men are his children. The only sense in which all could be counted children of God is as children of creation. But the relationship which Jesus taught us is a spiritual relationship, not a natural one.

That all men are not children in this sense is clearly evident in what Jesus said to the Jews, who should have been considered children, if anybody "Ye are of your fither the devil, and the lusts of your father ye will do" (John 8 44)

This father child relationship is available to all, but it is realized only by those who believe. It is a part of God's gift of salvation. It specifically sets forth the relationship of the saved person as a child of the Heavenly Father.

The teachings of Jesus in the Sermon on the Mount point clearly to the type of life that a child of the Father should live

We are to bolik the Pather

First, let us ask the epicstron, what is the Father like? Jesus gives a plane answer one that even a child can under tand. He save "He that both seen me hath seen the Father" (John 14.9). Every quality of character and conduct and action in Jesus portrays the quality and character and action of our God and Lather. A little girl who evidently had been mistaught said, "I have Jesus Christ, but I hate God." God our Father is like Jesus, therefore, we love him.

In Matthew 6 Jesus says many things about the Fither. First, he tells us that we are to do our righten suess before the Heavenly Father. This demands a deep more consciousness of

Leing before God in everything that we do

Our alms we give to be seen of the Futher

We pray to the Father. We enter into our inner chamber and shut the door and pray to the Father who is in select. We pray in simplicity because he knows already what we have need of We do not have to har ingue him and beseech him for these things. The heart of our prayer is that his name be hallowed, that his kingdom come and that his will be done

Our Father feeds the birds. He also clothes the libes, therefore we trust him to provide all our rocks. Our noission in life is to seek first to know home to so his responsibility to provide for our needs. This because Joseph sale at was so

Considering the Father's readiness to answer our privers. Josus argues from the standpoint of an earthly feller saying. It your child asks you for bread do you give him a stone. If he asks you for a fish do you give him a serpent. It is asks you for an egg do you give him a serpent. It is asks you for an egg do you give him a serpent. It you earthly men are good enough to give good things to your holdren him him him will your Father who is in the nen give good things to them that ask him?

This passage truly opens up the door of priver. It makes it clear that everyone may have this privileg of boxing before the Father and receiving abundantly above all that we ask or think.

So then behold your God'

He is the Creator of tre universe and las greatest creation is man made in his own image.

He is the Redeemer, restoring Ged's image by the new birth.

He is o r Heavenly Father

We need to seek to see his gleav and his power mainfested to us that we may be like him

Isaah discrices how God reveiled himself to Isaih the voing prophet. When the voing prophet saw the Inflagh and littled ip sitting or a thom and when he heard the angels saving. He colody has been discretely the law one he then saw lamself the unboly one. There ip is here in widths cleansing! Because he had seen God aid addiction cleansed he was able to hear the voice of God calling him to service.

And Job after a long period of affection and suffering, after defending himself and listifying himself in every way at last

listened to the voice of the Lord, and cried, "I have heard of thee by the hearing of the ear but now mine eve seeth thee Wheretore I alber myself and report in dust and ashes' (Job 42:5-6).

Only as we have this vision of the I ord are we qualified and enabled to do service for our God. Without it we are ordinary men striving to do the impossible and failing. But with the vision revealed in its we become extraordinary men, enabled to do all that God has appointed.

# 9. God's Search for a Man

The ministry of Isaiah began about 742 a.c. His first recorded message is found in chapter 1 of the book that bears his name. Writing concerning the moral and religious condition of Israel he says. The whole leaves suck and the whole heart to it. From he so colothe foot even extrall the all their is no soundiness in it. Lait woo fids and the issue and patrixing sores, they have not been closed, reither bound up, neither mollified with omtment" (vv. 5–6). This is Isaiah's description of the moral and spiritual situation in Israel. It had greatly deteriorated since the days of David.

One hundred years passed after the time of Isaiah Then God Ind his hand upon a man called Jeremiah He commanded this man to show Israel her sins. The situation, far from improving, had deteri rated exceedingly since the days of Isaiah. It had gotten so bad that there was practically no hope for the people. God said to Jeremiah, "Pray not thou for this people." (Jer. 7.16). Three times he laid this injunction

upon him.

Then the Lord gave Jeremah instructions which, when performed, would reveal to the prophet the true situation. "Run ye to and fro through the streets of Jerusalem, and see now, and know, and seek in the broad places thereof, if ye can

find a man, if there be any that executeth judgment, that seeketh the truth, and I will pardon it 5.1.

Jeremiah made his search and concluded

They have made their faces harder than a rock, they have refused to return. . . Surely these are poor, they are facilish, for they know not the way of the I rd, nor the judgment of their God I will get me note the great men, and will speak note them, for they have known the way of the Lord (vv. 3-5)

He went to the great nan His corclusion was "But these have altogether broken the yoke, and burst the bonds." There was not one rightcons man among them

A few years after Jerennali began his invisity, Ezekiel, a son of the early captivity, began his prophetic work in the land of Babylen. Ezekiel quekly discover dithat whit had been true in Isaal's day and in the days of Jerennah was also true in his time. In chapter 22 he outlines the evil of this people. If a presents them in the order of their positions of lendership in the land.

The princes of Israel Tzekel found planned with one are ther to devour the people. They robbed there of their morely and then killed their making many vidows in the land. They were like wolves devouring prey, and they destroyed souls to get dishon stigmin.

There has tara dolor attention to the practs of the land, Thase men were commissionally show that was or God to the people. They had a tradent that, rather they had verified the law and profuncil God's holy things. They no longer made any distinction between the holy and the profane, between the clean and the unclean.

Israel's prophets preached in such a way that the evil of these leaders was made even more corrupt, they had spread over the evildoers a clook of religious approval. Merc who should have turned the people princes, and priests away from their iniquity had led them into it. And Ezekiel went on to say, "The people of the land have made appression their practice. They rob, and they oppress the prior and the needs and make life iniserable and evil for the stranger in the land" of 22-29).

These are the judgments which the Lord spike through Ezckiel. And the Lord concluded this particular passage in those words "And I sought for a min among them, that should make up the hedge, and stand in the zop before me for the land, that I should not destroy it but I four hinne" (v. 30).

One man! Just one righteous godly min! God said if he had found this man he would have turned away destruction.

The Script has teach us that Gold blosses or destroys a city, a state of a ration, according to the presence of all scree of righteens men therein.

God blosses and prospers a home according to the right-coursess of the father who is read of that house Collinous are not acclores. When a men and a working in God intends that egodly home standblosset up. He has a them in as he dower that house not as a tyring to right with a serving of God to fill Gods pen for a Christian home of the would be a saving factor in the lift of that some into

The man has selt prospers or per hos a cording who weeks God's right too sness any relly and eatwardly for his life

## Who Is Righteous

God said "I sought for a min among them" Gods seitch was for a righteous min a nan who was pleasing to God and through who mand by whom God could do his work in the land. What is a righteous man and who is righteous? A righteous man is one who has been horn again by belief of the trith. He is individibly the Holy Spirit. His life's passion and joy is to seek to know and to do the will of God. Obedience to

God's commandments is the underlying, basic foundation of his life.

When he keeps the commandments he does so in loving, personal obedience to God the Father to Jesus Christ the Son and to the Holy Spirit, the counselor and guide. His loyalty to the comman linents has loyalty to God, has loyalty to his church is a personal loyalty to Jesus Christ.

This nan does not have to have a church job m order to be loyal and inducatial. The rightco, saess of his heart makes him.

faithful.

He does not have to be a S inday School worker or a deacon or an ushar in order to magnify his church. His rightcoursess causes him to do everything that pleases God. One rightcours man or woman is greatly felt in the life of a church.

Girl's emphasis is an man's righteousness, not on his activities. Righteous mer, exide the sense and power and presence of God. They are deeply inwardly righteons.

Many active, yes superactive men in the clurches are superficially righte as 'They impress their fell ws with them

selves with the rizer, with the ir works

This type of right coust man confidence unright out if he man into approximation or if he feel that he has not received the proximate a dicker for his deed.

Golsass "If I an find rig to us u n I will pard n"

Going back to conditions in the division list the permultiand Ezekiel and completing the division thousand discover that men have not greatly cronged. Although we not larger confine our trivelage to welking or to come! back, his tritler to et and late mobile men's issent all the same.

The prophets show us the depths of an inty into which men can fall when they for ake Go Lara le ve him int of account. Wickedness was import every here in their day.

In our own time we find that men are just the same, Every newspaper exposes the evil of mankind,

Man has conquered space up to a certain point. The mastery of man over things and over the elements is marvelous, but his lack of mastery over himself is pitiable and miserable. And his lack of mastery is evident in every area of modern life.

Every kind of crime is rampant. A newspaper receith reported that for the first nine months of the year in a certain, southwestern city there were 15 more murders than there were the year before for the same made nor ths There were 6 in ore rapes. 19 in accrobbenes, 545 mere arrests for dronke mass. Business beigha es had mere sed by 75 and esident berglanes by 11. Sacides had sen from 19 to 31 and fair obe arcists were up by 145. With terrific speed man is destroyarg braselt no ally, spiritual Iv and physically with alcoholac liquers. He is a dileturers of a texte diag hepers are spending in llunes of dellars in idvertising it an affort to being every man worran and child inder the influence of the runious staff. We need not go on detailing the exils of our hour. The re-Andent to any man with two eyes two ears came to see and to understand.

In every community God is looking for righteous men who will 'build up the bedge" and "stand in the gap" before I un, that he might not destroy the land. He is secrebing for men who have been redeemed by the blood of Christ, who have been horn of the Spirit, who have received the indwelling Spirit within themselves. To them he said, "You are not your own you were bought with a price. So glorify God in your body" (I Cor. 6.19-20, RSV). He is calling these men of his to a holy and rightcous life. The Spirit of God whom he hath put within us is holy because he is God, and because he dwells within us, we are in turn to be holy. We are to be and to do nothing that quenches or grieves this indwelling. Holy Spirit To these men he says. Son, give me your heart. Let me live in you. Respond to my leadership. Be the man that I want you to

be, love me, serve me, worship me, live for me, and give me all you are."

To these men God has assigned his work. He would alarm us and awaken us to the perils that beset our children and all those that come after us.

The Christian home is certainly the focal point of strength for the church for the community and for the nation. God is searching for men who understand his viewpoint of what a home should be and who let that view become a part of their ideal in order to build lomes for the glory of God and the good of the entire world.

Our country is beset by perils. We are constantly being alerted to the dangers of communism within our land. I would not in a mize these dangers, but I believe that we have evils eating at our hearts that will destroy our nation just as quickly it not more quickly, than communism. The liquor traffic the immigral sexual postilence that is destroying the youth of this in a light billion dollar bisiness in the sale of obscene literature and changing agor in the menal and spiritual lives of our charges if we could but see it the sword of destruction hangs suspended by a hair over us. Only righteous men can turn aside these thement, that threaten our runs.

God is searching for men who will set their own spiritual house in order. He as so reling for nen who will give priority to the thirds of God. He is searching for men that will look to the welfare of their families. He is searching for men that will safeguard their schools. He is searching for men that will take the gospel seriously and who will quit playing chinch. It men who will give place to the Holy Spirit within themselves and their activities and who will walk in him and with him and be Christian.

The n cn who ought to be in the places of leadership in the church are the men of deep transforming right cusiess. It is this kind of man that the Lord seeks for his service. There are

many offices within the church where these men may employ their tilents and make effective that Christlike character which God lass built within them. Our character that God lass built within them. Our character glace is non-are directing leading character glace is non-are directing leading character glace in the character glace is shown and these mentioned discount of the property of the quantity of scribes in the New Testiment.

Every man of the character san his to a whose character

q . hes in tarany other the church there

The is no double stind, no of his order of the near of the clurch A the people of the corresponding to which is diversarily to standard the standard which his government is divergent to restrict input title case, of the colorest threst

Mary times in the pist when at sering, the times verild be swe loved up and destroyed by their own wickeds so God has sought out and rised up a righteens not to be the deliverer and this man brought salvet is and a convertible

banner of the Lord.

If we so the live of Nosh Codesaw that the weke bress of a new is findle and that he should be were and the for he decled to destroymen. On man for high recentle eves in that money a Nosh He was the righter as a well to hour, and Code sought har out and used our to save the human race.

When the time I decome that the Messach nation should be set on its way. God call diffith Abraham a rist of sizian, act of a sizin in I nd to go into a strange land. There we was to bear a sociand that sin words here sizes and some day the Messach nation, would be born because God Fac. his man Abraham.

God had his men Joseph, and Moses, at 3 Joshua.

There came a time when there seemed to be no man evailable and God laid his hand on the heart of a woman,

Deborah Deborah turnid back the evil tides and delivered Israel.

Then there were Gideon, and Samuel, and David and the

prophets.

In the New Testiment we find others whom God chose for his task of saving the world from destruction. The Lord himself came in a human person and set in motion the forces that would form the church.

There were Letter Peul James J line and a host of others who provided the gestellor rederigher so that the evil fides were about Lack and a new stream set forther to the second life. In the book of Hebrews we are exhibited to remaraber your leaders and to to their faith.

The apastle Pallacherts as saving Theseech verificate for the first have the mean set Gold that we present your bid, so having secretics have a coptable anto Gold which is your maserial leserves. Twom 12 and this is our reasonable service that we let Gold is a sensitive our containity and our world.

Charlike eta eter pas ner e duess for heliness, for reglete soos the for the that the reast to pire and free from pelleten the way follow the water of eternal be

Gerius not attracted first by Lisave two bety Grandes not measure land first for moleculer lappower Golders not listen to his a verticinal for cors he take into account his college and crivers ty degrees all and these in good and useful.

God I oks for a sound while righter is leart, a heart so strong in the strongth, bear of heart is that all the flows from the man reveals a Goldike are tore. He said to Simuel, "Man leoketh on the outward appearance hat the Lord is kith on the heart" (1 Sam. 16 7)

All the gifts with which he is blessed are good but first, if

God is to use him, he must be holy, he must be righteous. God can use a righteous man without great gifts far more than he can use a gifted man without righteousness. The men God wants must be "the salt of the earth" and "the light of the world."

# 10. Sanctify Yourselves

The time for crossing over the Jordan into the Land of Promise had arrived. All Israel was on tiptoe in expectancy. This was the time which this particular generation had looked forward to Tor thirty here long years, they had wandered in the wilderness as their disobedient fathers fell one by the by the ways let.

Gold by eight Messes up note the mountain, there Messes died are the arrels of Gold buried him. Josh in took wer the reins of leadership and began to propare the people for the crossing a cording to Golds instructions.

The day before the crossing Josh as give the people certain definite ustractions. One for any of this constructions was this word, "South years lives for to morrow the Lord will do wond as among your [strong).

#### A New Road

One of the reasons for this particular instruction was set forth in this line. You have not possed this way of the talk ISV. It is always pleasable to index on the old highways. On those high ways refer not places we know buildings well know recently and like his way people with we meet. All it is have a traditional of the old paths. As we pass by and meet them old memories in a pand attach thems lives to our new impressions. There are not many

surprises on the old way, but there is joy. We go other places, and there are new highways to travel. We look firward with eagerness to the moment when we enter upon the new road. We are more alert and watchful

Joshua said to these eager people of Israel.

The road hefer is as new Well we never walked this path before. It is urgent therefore that we keep the ark of the colen of moview. Keep a distance between you and the ink of two thousand cubits, along three three national feet a not more than one can note. It is keeping the ark it is given by the energy of the ark it is given by the fire it is must be contained unbelowered for most be three three trainings to be deep thought to be deep three trainings of the order to most walk in faith today and tomerous it is 3.6.

As it was for them so it is for is. Unk with lass and rights are left reas. What those days is library only our He werly Father knows. We walk into each of them with our trust in him working le faith and not revenil to

There are paths where our feet have not walked. Those paths may be smooth and level they may be rough and rocky they may define all help waters. I have so mile be districted. We have then we the way we go but we know our Guide."

At leaker teleproned is well as The is his promise. When the process through the waters I will leavel to examility and the example the small not work with a whin thou walk to be globe for the history to be found, that is believed to know the last \$1.2.

There is the saw also deals that we lead not us. We will face up it into set when we have never drained. In some infertal against a last in some through G d's grace we will succeed.

Joss and sorrows are before us. That is hie's way. All

not be healthy either The Christian must learn to accept disappointment as being his appeantment." For we have not passed this way before

So then sanctify yourselves

This is the step of supreme importance. Before the people of Israel could advance, they had to sanctify themselves. Before we can advance, we must sanctify ourselves. Before we can receive God's power and work, we must separate ourselves and disaccourselves to the Lord.

## Separation

What, then does this instruction mean?

For Israe, it meant separation from anything that they were practicing that was contrary to their worship as God had riverled it to Moses For its it means separation from every sin and every interest that harders us from God's work.

I knew a preaction with was an active member of an active entries by it. I. city. The men locked to him for many things, and he gave it is it will but stort to help premote the things that they wanted to do Certainly it required time and energy.

There came a day who this lish begin to get in between him and the Lore. This continue to reseme time, when one day a very spiritual woman of his church said to him "You ought to get into fill at entired by Good used this to old that min, and he presede are the first Lords prime. He did not worth get into but God more at point at if he were to be unful in the single more for the most separate himself from that club.

This he did.

He made I has resignation or a Schurlay On Sunday morning as home in the hope pulsed and we the Hely Spirit moved mm to think of a hymn that had this line in it. A tring between my soul and the Saviour. That preaches believes

today that that step marked the beginning of a deepening process in his life that has led to great spiritual progress

This is not to say that every preacher should resign his membership in the case club, but if G d points the way of separation in that direction, then surely he will obey

Perhaps one of the greatest needs in our church life today is this matter of separation from sinful things and separation from some good things that are made sinful because they become the object of our living. It is not a sin to make money, but when money in aking becomes a passion, it separates one from God, and one cannot get back to God, intil he separates himself from this sinful pursuit. In so doing he converts this

pursuit into something worths

Sanctifying oursely is also involves delication to the Lord and to I is work. This is primarily a personal dedication to let the H ly Spirit fill and possess and use us for God's kingdom. We set ourselves to be obedient to the Lord in all that he has asked us through the Word and in all that he asks us through our hearts and consciences. This is a sarctification that each of us does for a mostly, and unless we do our part in this matter, the Holy Spirit connot carry on his work of sanctification. Consider the passage, Hebrews 12.1.2. "Let us lay as de every weight and the sin which do this occisily beset us and let us run with patience the race that is set but re us looking unto Jesus the author and finisher of our foul? We are to by a side the weights and the sin which heset as this is the separation. We are to run with patience the race that is set before us looking unto Jesus this is the dedication.

Be sent to encolvished to effor with inhelievers. Wherefore, one of from among them, and be so so it, soulting to the analysis of the Line and the horizontal in the model of the my sons and daughters, south the Lord Almights, 2 Cir. 6, 14.17, 18

Having therefore these promises, dearly believed, let us cleanse

ourselves from all filth ness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God (7.1).

Seek those things which are above, where Christ sitteth on the right hand of God. Set your affection on things above, not on

things on the earth (Col 3 1 2)

Mortify [put to death] therefore your members which are upon the earth, formication, uncleanness. But now ye also put off all these, anger, wrath, make blisphemy, filthy communication out of your math. Put on therefore, as the elect of God, Foly and believed bowels of mercies kindness humbleness. And above all these things put on clausty, which is the bond of perfectness (vv. 5–12)

In the remaining verses through 17 is mixed this idea of separation and dedication. And in that familiar passage of Paul's Romans 12.1.2, it is set forth clearly. "I beseech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reasonal le service. And be not conformed to this world, but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mixed, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect will if God."

Jesus himself gave us a powerful appeal—in fact an inescapable statement of this matter in Matthew 16.24. "Then said Jesus unto his disciples, If any man will come after me let him deriv himself, and take up his cross, and follow me." Not only is a man to superite himself from things and activities, I it also from his old self- and he is to take up his cross and follow Christ. This is the acme of sanctification.

We are to come out and be separate. We are to turn from becoming conformed to this world present our bonies a laving sacrifice, and be transformed into the image of Christ. The command is clear. Sanctify yourselves

There is a great promise given to those who will be obedient to this command but only to them. 'For to morrow the Lord will do wonders among you" (J. sh. 3.5).

#### Dedication

The necessity for sanctification lay in several things. First, the Lord would ask those people on the next day to do some things that he could do only with separated, dedicated people Undedicated, unsanctified people would have laughed in God's face.

He was going to ask them to do what looked like an exceedingly foolish thing. The Jordan River was at flood stage, spread out across the valley and rushing madly into the Dead Sea. And the Lord asked them to march down to those flooding waters of the Jordan.

Through Joshua Le said to the people.

Behold, the ark of the covenant of the Lord of all the earth passeth over before you into Jordan . . And it shall come to pass, as soon as the soles of the teet of the priests that bear the ark of the Lord, the Lord of all the earth, shall rest in the waters of Jordan, that it the waters of Jordan shall be cut off from the waters that come down from above, and they shall stand upon an heap (3.11-13).

To an unsanctified person this would have seemed a foolish thing and dangerous but the people saw God work. "And as they that here the ark were come unto Jordan, and the feet of the priests that have the ark were dipped in the brim of the water, . . . that the waters . . stood and rose up upon an heap very far from the city Adam" (vv. 15,16). Joshua said, "Hereby ye shall know that the living God is among you, and that he will without fail drive out from before you [your enemies]" (v. 10).

God must have people who were sanctified for he was going to ask them to do yet other things that would seem exceedingly foolish to the world. He was going to ask the army of Isrcel to march daily in silence about Jericho and on the seventh day they were to march around the city seven times. Then at the command of Joshua to blow the trumpets and to shout with a great shout, the walls of Jericho would fall.

Who but sanctified people would believe such a maneuver? It might be profitable for us to consider what was passing through the minds of the people behind the walls of Jericho as they saw the daily march of this Israelite army. No noise no weapons in action, just the steady march, march, march, They must have thought Israel was insane!

Then God asked them to destroy Jericho utterly The people the gold, the silver—everything was to be destroyed Unsanctified people would not have obeyed this injunction. They wealld have been looting the entire city for everything of value. One man did disobes, his name was Achan But the wonder is not that one man disobeyed, but that so many obeyed and were faithful.

Unsanctified people would forget that the Lord did it. That was true then and it is true now. Many times God uses men to accomplesh great things, and when the things I we been done, they seek pruse of diglory for themselves. In so doing they destroy their power and their usefulness. The praise and the glory belong to God, and when men, know this and give it to him, then he in turn gives his power and puts his glory upon his men.

Because God was going to ask men to do things that were humanly impossible and in the wisdom of men exceeding foolish he must have men who were so sanctified so separated from dependence upon worldly things, so dedicated to God and his ways that he might work his mights will.

We live in a world of aggressive and righ powered leadership. Men are enamored even in the religious world, of big organization. Human leaders occupy the stage. God disappears from the common view. This is true locally and denominationally. Our churches are infected with a virus of man's greatness and of man's great organization. Promotion is the order of the day. We sing the praises of our leaders magnify statistical reports, exalt the numbers in our membership advertise the great attendance the size of our buildings, the magnitude of our budgets. God drops out of the picture.

May God call us back to the spirit of his young servant, David David must have been a giant of a young man. When they sought armor for him they put on har the armor of the bigg st man in the army. King Saul Bit he was not accustomed to such things. His explicate had been with the sling and stones and with these le could knock the eve out if a sparrow at twenty feet. He was like the seven hindred Ben armites in Judges of whom it was said. There were sever builded Ben armites lefthanded men that could throw stones at a lair and not miss? Left 20.16. Dividix as a sharr smooter with his sling and his stone, but David did not be ast of his skill. When Saul quest, ned his ability to go organist Godath David told king Saul.

To serve the plan father's site points of a correct at the form of the form of

Then said I as it to [Colorle] I come to thee in the rame of the I as of losts the Cool of the armes of Israel whom then hast to St. It is an wall the Lord leaver thee into mine hand. It is all the earth may know that there is a God in Israel And all this assembly shall know that the Lord saveth not with swertland spear for the battle is the Lord's and he will give you also our hands by 45-47.

There are many illustrations in the Old Testament of how men believed that the Lord would do the work, not man, but the Lord would do the work Transides that the Lord does the work was well expressed by the apiste. Paul He that wrought in Peter unto the cucumozan wrought also in me unto the Gentiles", if Gal 25 "For it is God which worketh in you both to will and to do of his good pleasure" (Phil. 2:13).

Are we worshipers of men or of God. Do we believe more in the willingness and power of men to a complish God's work than in the power and willingness of Gol to wirk with and

through men, so that God is 2' rib de

To do his work the I ord it ast have sandthed people. They must be sanctified people in the sense that they are dedicable to Bable realing. Bable believing and Bible procticing that they are lede at the pray rundt to schooled must that the Holy Spirit and he alone, can do (will work and that we must rely on him San tity yours are so rate yoursely s, come out from aming to mar 1 1 should be every weight lay aside sin and be not cort me I to this world

Present your b die Fin with that is the tall that is set before you Pe true : me . Perfe the - we the ferr of God Yes pray reed your B. in yet state ler's saving grace make attendince tever ser or to I sixte least of the service we connider on Good states mightily together for the glory of Gel all the rive ag of Jesus Let us make the song true not only in suggest but in practice.

Take my life and let it he Consect to Lin t. Thee Them, tarls in lett min te At the impulse of I as I are

FRANCES R HAVERGAL

# 11. The Fatal Heresy

In the first chapter of the book of Revelation John describes his vision. He says, "I saw seven golden candle-sticks, And in the midst of the seven candlesticks one like unto the Son of man. . . . And he had in his right hand seven stars. . . . The seven stars are the angels of the seven churches and the seven candlesticks are the seven churches (vv. 12-20).

John directs his words to the Ephesian church through its messenger, the "angel", he who holds the seven stars in his right hand also walks in the midst of the seven golden candlesticks, and he is among the churches Jesus says, "I know." To this church in Ephesus he says, "I know thy works." They doubtless had organized giving they had organized care for the poor; they were greatly evangelistic and must have been missionary spirited for the gospel went out from Ephesus into all the province of Asia.

When Jesus said 4 know—thy laber—key 2.2, he meant not only their activities but the dynamism of their energy and deep concern. He said 4 know thy patience—and patience—here means steadfastness. He know their perseverance

Further he said, "I know . . . thou canst not bear evil men," either in the community or in the church life. This would imply that there was no hesitancy on the part of this church to discipline disobedient members

Here was a church capable of being truly great. Outwardly, everything was of the very best. It was a bechive of activity, a church of workers. It was a church that had fine staying qualities. It was intolerant of evil men. It was an orthodox church, correct in its doctrines and an earnest defender of the faith. All of these things the Lord graciously and heartily commends.

Bit he who walks in the midst of his churches and whose eyes are as a flame of fire detects another kind of heresy, the most fatal of all heresies. He says to this church. "Nevertheless I have somewhat against thee because thou hast left thy first love" (v. 4). There is a burning zeal there is ceaseless activity, and to the eyes of the community and the church itself, nothing more could be desired. But to the eye of lam who walks in the midst of the churches their hearts had grown cold toward him. With their hips with their hands with their feet, with their hearts were retinit As Jesus queeted Isaah, "This people. It is not him with their hips but their hearts fair from me." Matt. 15.5.

This is the total lenses. Note will destroy a clurch and its power in a community and the wirll array to ker than to lose its first love.

#### First Lace

There are men and winner who wisk for their elected like slaves, who have no name or have for Jesus Const. There are men and women who fight to set I will after a for the Lord Jesus Christis lacking I say this set. I find every

Just what place did the Lord Jews Christ give to this great quality of life and character this thing we call live! He spoke out clearly so that not the red fail to understand what he thought must be first in their lives The scribe asked him, what is the first commandment? And Jesus answered. Then short over the Lord the God with all the heart and with all the soul and with all the mind, and the polyheor as the self. (Luke 10:27).

In another passage Jesus evalted love when he said "Te have heard that it let, been seed Their shall love thy neighbour, and have thinc enemy But I say anto you. Love your enemies bless them that a received deglod to them that hate you ar I provide them which a spreadly use you and persocate you" (Matt 5.43-44). This was a rew to ching and a difficult one for the Jesush property received It is no less difficult now.

After he had washed the damples feet Jesus sud to them "A new commandment I give unto vio That we love one another as I have loved vio that ve are inside ples it we have I veen to it it I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I have I veen to it I have I have

God manifested his live for the world in the gut of list inly begotten Sin and there is no question that less is also placed love high Perfors at the light point in all was the Live that he asked of his discrete.

If it is a proper in the

He that it me is a local to the he has that least on an interior of the father and I will be eliminated in the will be eliminated in the father and I will be eliminated in th

It i mar lene be 'le mas 's orles Etter will love har all we say, we're mear I make our abode with him (14.15, 21, 23)

As the half it. I hard one so have I hard in continue ve in mix har If it keep mix a min, it is sent all his de in mix hore even, si his experims Fisher's comman linerts, and ablde in his love.

This is my commandment. That we have one mother as I have loved you (15.9-10, 12).

To the Ephesian church he sail, "You have left your first love" Do we need to make a mystery out of what is first love? Is not first love the love that is first in a man's life? And is not the first love for every Christian this warm, tender living affects in for Jesus Christ our Saviour and Lord? It is the love which parts Jesus first in everything which recognizes him as the one who suffered and died for our sins who was raised from the deat who is at God's right hand, who is ceming again and whom we love dearly

It is this first love, this gowing affection of the whole being that matters to Jesus our Saviour and Lord' Its absence is the supreme and death heresy

The apistle Pell witting to the Philippinin clinich, tells them that he gets great is not of praying for them. He tells them that he has them in his heart and that he greatly longs after them in the tender mercus of Josis Curist. And then he says 'And the I pray that your live may abound yet more and more in knowledge and in all progress. That we may approve thous that are excellent that we may be some and without offense tall the day of Curist. It may filled with the fruits of right from no. 19-11

And he tells the Ephesians that he prays fir than that God will grant them strangth with might be a Spirit that they may be restell and grant blank in the same of the same health and to know that has a few to have the same to know that has a few to have the same to know that has a few to have the same may be filled with a little fully so of God and 3 14-17.

#### Grounded in Love

In these verses it becomes clearly eviliation has lives of primary importance and any live has able to first ting in the Christian for Whin this love is prisert in a man in fulness, he is able to discern the trings that are excellent and to know the difference between that will his good butter, and

best. He is able to be sincere and no longer a stumbling block, and he will be filled with the fruits of righteousness which are by Jesus Christ.

In this letter to the Ephesian church Paul prays that they may be "rooted and grounded in love." This is a remarkable figure of speech. Love is the ground, the soil in which the tree of character is to be rooted, and from that rich soil of love the tree of Christian character grows and bears fruit.

In 1 Corinth, and 13 Paul sets forth the primacy of love in everything. Service without love is useless. Character without it is nothing. Giving, even to the point of making our bodies the offering to be burned, without love accomplishes nothing for us.

The Revised Standard Version (vv. 4-7) describes love in these terms, "Love is patient and kind love is not jealous or boastful, it is not arrogant or rude. Love does not insist on its own way, it is not irritable or resentful, it does not rejoice at wrong but rejoices in the right. Love bears all things believes all things, hopes all things, endures all things."

Love then is the inspiring, motivating compelling force within the Christian that makes him an effective servant and witness for Jesus Christ Without this love he may go through all the motions, but he accomplishes nothing.

Jesus said. "If you love me you will keep my command ments" Love then takes care of the matter of prayer. If we love a person, we desire greatly to have fellowship and communication with him, and we do everything we can to establish such relationship. Loving Christ, we want to speak with him and hear him speak with us. Love takes care of the matter of prayer, and the absence of prayer would indicate an absence of love.

If we love God we will read his Word If I am away from home and I receive a letter from someone I love, I want to read that letter not once, but several times. The Bible is God's love letter, it is his will expressed for us. It is the manifestation of the love of God and we want to read it. Love for the Lord takes care of Bible reading and if there is but little Bible reading, it is proof that there is but little love.

When there is love for the Lord, church attendance becomes easy. We have the Lord's promise that "where two or three are gathered together in my name, there am I in the midst." Matt. 18-20. Although he is always with is individually, in a special way he is also walking in the midst of the people and because we love him we will be there also. Not to be there is to manifest the fact that there is little or no love for the Saviour.

Stewardship becomes a matter of fall. Illing the requirements of this love of the Lord. If Christian stewardship, proved by titling, is any indicat, in of love in the hearts of G. d's church people, there in ist be very little love in the churches. True Christian stewardship would offer one tenth as minimum, and its maximum would know no upper limits but the love of God.

Love inspires personal witnessing. If we live the Lord Jesus Christ, we will wind to tell others about this one who is the center of our affection and who inspires us with his presence.

Our character will become sufficient with this love of the Lord Jesus Christ, and others will find us becoming more and more like him whom we love. Our fill wing Christ will be stimulated and strengt one has our live for him increases.

In the second letter to the Countletons the apostle Paul says that the love of Christ constrains us. It constrains is in all that we are and all that we do

This I we is a fruit of the Holy Spirit's presence within us. It flowers as we open our hearts to the Spirit of the Lord to receive it. It can become more intelligent and powerful as we demonstrate it in action. We also can help to increase this love.

in others if we do as Paul did for the Philippians-pray that

their love may aboun I

Jesus said by this love that we have one for another shall all men know that you are my disciples. One day of the manifestation of this love, one for another, in Christ will do more to make men understand the love of God than all our loveless acts and sermons. I ove is the mark of the Christian It is said that the Romans said of the Christians Behold how these Christians love one another."

## The Tragedy of Lost Love

The loss or absence of Christian love creates unfaithf dness, brings error, and produces worldliness in the life of God's people. It goes on to destroy not only the one who has lost it but others who are affected by his loss. The absence of this love means little power or none in the church. The services of worship will be dead. The preaching of the truth will fall on cold Learts. The teaching of the Word in Sunday School classes will have no transform. It fleet

Its absence means a loss of missionary real. It means putting local work above the world missionary cal. It means the loss of active support financially and otherwise for the effort to carry the gespel arount, the world. There is just one true and effective motive for all missionary endeavor, and that is the love of Christ. Jes. 8 s. d., If we love me keep my commandments? (John 14.15) He commanded us by his authority and power to go into all the world and preach the gospel. If we love him we will go.

It is a stark tragedy to love the charch and its work and not to love Jesus. People can be attracted to membership in organizations because they are lonely. They can be led to give from a sense of unselfishness and sharing. They can be interested in missions for humanitarian motives. They can be defenders of the doctrines, even do work with lost men, and

not have a personal love for Jesus Christ. This is indeed a

tragedy.

Our churches today are a great deal like the church in Ephesis. We work, we stand for the doctrines of the New Testar ent with vigor and oyalty. But do we have this great overflowing love that makes a clairch effective? Our churches are efficiently organized. They are wealther than ever before, They have never promoted evangelism with more intensity, better organization, in romore plans than in this four. The Lord well knows our works. Does be find a love in our hearts that puts him faist in our affection unities its sensitive to his will and motivates effective witnessing for his cluser.

Have you lost this first live? Him will you recover it?

First, remember Jesus Christ Renamber Fow he hived among its solless without spot sensitive to the wickedness arillant of the world suffering blicking dying for us all set year mind upon these facts in fil you see the leve of God springing feeth, and reaching into your ewo learn

Report of the Lachssress that is within you. A knowledge that you do not live him prayaig that he will forgive, and he

will.

Then yield yourself to the Holy Spirit who will fill you with love

# 12. They That Wait for the Lord

Many years ago I knew a fine student couple who had worked together in Baptist student work. Often they had

met to pray. Theirs was a real friendship

In their senior year their friendship blossomed into love, and love into engagement. All their friends were pleased and rejoiced with them. They seemed to be so well fitted for each other and for the Lord's work that only great joy could be ahead.

But about a month before graduation the voung lady became possessed with a conviction that she did not love this young man. She admitted that she admired him, respected him, and honored lim, but she declared she did not love lim. She was not cold nor indifferent in these words, but tender and kind. For him, the whole world turned black. He cried out to the Lord for understanding as to why such a thing had come to pass. Had they not prived every step of the way? Had they not songht the Lord's leading? And when they finally became engaged, did they not believe that that too was of the Lord?

The university year came to an end and with these things in mind, the young man and woman went home to opposite ends of the state. August came and with it the Baptist Assembly at Falls Creek. Each of them came and staved in our cabins. They talked together much with each other and with their pastor. They sought our their pastor and each talked to him privately. The young woman was unchanged and so was the young man. He still cried out for light and understanding as to why such a thing had to take place

One day as he talked with his pastor, his pastor said to him, "You say you have praved every step of the way and you feel that the Lord answered your prayers. Did you find a promise from God's Book?" He answered "No" Upon the advice of his pastor he took his Bible and went out into the woods. Two or three hours passed, and when he came back his face was at peace and so was his heart. He had found a verse that gave him comfort. It was Psalm 27-14. "What on the Lord be of good courage, and he shall strengthen thine heart, wait, I say, on the Lord."

That day he believed that the Lord was saving to him, "If you'll just wait awhile I'll work all this out, and her heart will be toward you once more." That evening he took his clothing and returned home.

He was going to medical school in January and had five months before he was to leave home. He gave himself with complete abandon to the work in his church. Immediately he was made general superintendent of the Sunday School, and under his leadership the work grew vigorously.

About a month after he arrived home he wrote me a letter saying, "Preacher—I've discovered what wait on the Lord means. It means wait on him like a servant serves his master." With that meaning in mind—he went on to medical school. After several years, when he had completed his internship, he married a wonderful young woman who has been his companion in everything and a great blessing to the kingdom of God through these many years.

### Walting and Serving

The veriginal was right in his understanding in both directions. List waiting on the Lord means waiting for him to work his will. Secondly, he was right in his understanding that waiting on the Lord means serving the Ford as a server towards on list in ister. The Authorized Versan in translating these phrases the server in "that is, whit or the Lord. In some metances, the period of "they that wait up in the Lord his concernstances, the period of "they that wait up in the Lord" Are they not both high "When concerns on the Lord" server he must wait for the Lord in many things. He waits for his appointment and power, then moves not and waits on him in doing his will.

There are many verses which set forth this great to thof waiting upon on or for the Lord. In Psalm 2" David starts at with a str in this property divictory. There is no one who can cause has to tear been some the Lord's the strength of 1 x life. If somen existimble and fall. There is no hist big energy to make him to a from wir le x confident () e thing la discismillation as be with the Lord all the case flashfor The Lord is with he in these of trouble and Day Lis and it is but a I il seems to come between har wid the Lord in ves 7. This feth seems to full stand he such expressions s 'Whitemy filter and my mother filsake me, then the I rd w I the me up' v 10 He proses God for deliver nee u d says "I had to nted unles. I had believed to see the joorn sout the Lord in the lind of the living of 13 Then comes tre word from God in verse 11 "Wat on the Lerd be a figural coming and leshall strengthen to be heart wait, I say, on the Lord."

Peolin 40 begins with these words. "I waited patiently for the Lord and he in lined unto the and her diese cry." Psalm 87.7 calouts. "Rest in the Lord, and wait patiently for him." fret not thyself because of him who prospereth in his way, because of the man who bringeth wicked devices to pass."

Most of the statements, wait on the Lord, are found in the Psalms, especially those that come from the pen of David Psalm 62.1.5 says. "Truly my so it writeth upon God from him cometh my silvation." My soult wait thou only upon God for my expectation is from him." David is the choicest illustration of waiting on the Lord and for the Lord.

He was anonted to be king of Israel at an early age probably somewhere around twenty years. He was immediately active in the affairs of the geveriment and became a general of the army. He was dereted because the people praised him alloye Scall En ally to save his life he fled Several taries. Sand set out after him with a large armed force.

One right Sml and his men can pell in the cutrate of a cave. Back farther in the cave were David and some of his nen. During the might be came out with one of his ren to where Saul was sleeping.

There and Alsh, to Div I Gellath delivered the energy into there has the formulation and the formulation and the formulation and the late of the energy the earth there are Ard Divided to About 1 and to get for which strictly to the hash and again the Lords of the Lord for the Lord late of the Lord for the Lord for the Lord for the Lords and the Lords of the late of the late of the late of the lords and the Lords of the Lords and the Lords of t

Many of those who have been mounted king I ive instig ted rebellion and overthrown the government, establishing them selves, but Day diwarted on the Lord

Even after the death of Saul and after Judah had anomted him king he was content to wait on the Lord for Israel to make him king over the whole nation Another choice passage is Isaiah 40.28-31. Isaiah speaks of the power and might of the Creator. He describes his inexhaustible power and litter hability to become weary. He declares that the Lord gives power to to find a contribute who have no might be supplies strength. Then he says that even those who are strong the vooths. Shall found and be weary and the young mental all litterly tall. But they that wait upon the Lord shall recover their stringth, they shall mount up with wings as eight, they shall run, and not be weary, and they shall walk, and not taint.

These verses supply infinite encouragement to mer of finite faith. These words ceraret as with power that is limitless and eternal ar landaminishing, and is we affile in him and wait for him, his power becomes our power.

#### What We Walt For

Wait for the Lord to show you his plans. That is not man's characteristic frame of mind. But it is the frame of mind that every Christian should cultivate. The fact is that God has a plan. He does not force it upon anyone, but he invites everyone to seek it. His plan is so much greater, so much more complete, than inviting we can could see that imless we cultivate writing upon him and far him, we will miss it.

His plan for his children embraces, verything that the child of God is a necessed with No hing is lattered to the child personally at embraces his family and every main it and all that they are to be and had to tembraces his own personal work whatever his work may be It embraces his relationship to his church and the work his ought to be doing there.

"My times are in thy hand," said David (Psalm 31-15). We need to see what God's plan is for our character and for our lives.

Waiting for the Lord means waiting for his directions. If we can put missiles into orbit and guide them to distant planets

by radio, surely we ought to believe that when God puts us into his work he also can guide us by his power through his Spirit. That does not me in just general guidance stretched out over long years. It means guidance moment by moment, day by day. Therefore, we want on the Lord for his directions.

Psalm 37 23 says, "The steps of a good man are ordered by the Lord." This does not say the long praney is ordered by the Lord, although it is, but it does say that every step of the

long of they is ordered by the Lord

Somebody in typing this virse once let a typing raphical error slip in a liwrote. The stops of a good man are ordered by the Lord. This also is true. John Riskin said, "There is no inniste in a rist but there is the making of music in it." Our stops as well as our stops are ordined by the Lord.

Wait on the Lord to show you his promise or promises. Many times as well rk about a bit of work or a decision we need to make we weigh every bit of evidence for and against then we pray and feel some answer in our minds and hearts. We probably could act on that inswer, but it might be a faltering step. If we wait prayerfully, God may lay a Scripture verse in our learts that will confirm the answer. We call that a promise. It is not that we are trying to persuade God to do what we want but that God is endeavoring to reveal to us what he wants, and Ly his words he confirms our decision. Wait thereton, for his promise.

Wait for his power. This was Jesus' world this disciples just before he ascended to the Fall or He said to them. Turry ve in the city of Jerusalem and velocities and act with power from on high." Tuk. 24:49) In Acts 1:41 common led "to titles should not depart from Jerusalem but wait for the promise of the Father which is a thick we have hoard of me."

God spoke a word of power through Zechariah to Zerubba bel, the governor of Jerusalem and the word that God spoks then he still speaks to us "This is the word of the Lord upto Zerubbabel, saying, Not by might, nor by power, but by my spirit, saith the Lord of hosts" (Zech 46)

Waiting for the Lord to endue us with power is our way of acknowledging to the Lord that without him we have no

power, and he honors that kind of waiting.

We wait for the Lord that he may perform his word, and this he says he will do. God said to Ezekiel, "Therefore say unto them, Thus saith the Lord God, There shall none of my words be prolonged any more, but the word which I have spoken shall be done, saith the Lord God" (Ezek, 12.28). These words certainly put strength into our spiritual lives.

### How to Wait

We are to wait patiently. The psalmist wrote, "Rest in the Lord and wait patiently for him Fret not thyself (Psalm 37.7). The word "patiently" seems to express qualities inherent in the expressions "rest" and fret not." Rest in the Lord and do not fret. This command is perhaps one of the most difficult aspects of waiting on the Lord. We are so impatient that we press the Lord for action when he wants us to wait, but some things need time to grow and develop

A striking illustration of patience is found in the experience of Abraham God promised him a son by Sarali Ten years, fifteen years went by, and not until the end of twenty five years was this promise realized. Twenty five years Abraham

waited patiently for the Lord.

We are to wait faithfully, steadfastly, and not give up God

honors this kind of waiting too

Wait courageously. He who says it does not require courage to wait has done very little waiting. We need courage in the face of the unbelief of people about us. They look with raised evebrows, not understanding, and perhaps judging us as lacking good sense because we continue to wait on the Lord to work out the problem.

When we wait in faith and in trust, courage is not too difficult. I think of Paul's word concerning Abraham, "And being not weak in faith, he considered not his own body now dead, when he was about an hundred years old, neither yet the deadness of Sarah's womb. He staggered in that the promise of Gold trough urbelief, but was strong in futh, giving glory to God and being tully persuaded that what he had promised he was able also to perform' (Rom 4.19-21). This was waiting a taith

We are town in objective Gods children are a bit short in this muttined of cheese. We faint this good in the town was work them out in our own strength their over let who we have problems. When God marks out a plain path he along for is to wilk in that poth with int questioning and without deviation. King Som we ked the latter path of disobilitience and read the step, words of Som a saving to him. Hath the Lord is good delight in board offerings and sacrifices as in obeying the voice of the Lord. Bold of to obey is better than sherified, at 1 to be taken than the fat of raiss. For refullencing as the sale of witch offer and stubble raises is a magnety and idolytry. I Som, 15.25. The old stubble raises is in magnety and idolytry. I Som, 15.25. The old stubble raises is not to trust and obey."

What standing on God's promises! God das give promises to his chadrer. Whether it be a promise that has general significance or one that has been made to you specifically you are to stand on that promise year after your lecture all promises have a centimal stream of blessing flowers from them and florough them. Work on God and his promises.

Wait and with while you wait. Cold makes an as ignment, but it is cet an isolated assignment. It has its ceine to is before and after. We begin the assignment in him are to complete it. Sometimes we wonder what the next step will be but. God does not reveal it until we have done what he has

assigned He sent Elijah to the court of Man to announce there would be no rain or dew these voirs except according to Elijah's word. Then the word of the Lord came to Elijah saving. "Get thee hence to the brook Cherital there I have commanded the ravens to feed war. You can drink from the brook" (cf. 1 Kings 17.3–5. Elijah dial not know where he was going intollafter he performed his ross to Mab. Therefore, we work and wait and the waiting is rewarded by the revelation of the next step whon the present work is accomplished.

We want in a spirit of being yilled do God. This is beautifully expressed for is in Pselin 22-8-9. I will instruct thee and teach thee in the way which thoreshift go. I will guide thee with mine eye be yet at as the hase or as the mule which has no understanting whose routh it ust be held in with bit and bride lest they core in a unto thee."

Wat in prayer and hible read of These are the sorway and the path by which God or is to us for excitator and by which we then 30 to him with exerviling Wall per hands and hearts we can receive his more his will his power but not could be have come to him through his World and his appointed wive forever.

Wat a the Holy Spirit Ldon't namely this that you wat for a sudden initish of the Hely Spirits presented Well-leve that the Scripture traches that when we were saved and normagain the Holy Spirit came to take up has divelong in our bearts. Therefore, we want a quietness and confer ce for him to make effective his promises. He is our counsely our gode and the source of our power that for want for the Holy Spirit.

## The Rewards of Waiting

We should consider some of the blessings that come to those that wait upon the Lord or on the Lord, or for the Lord.

First, they shall renew their strength, and with that strength, they shall mount up with wings as eagles, they shall run and not be weary, (and the chmax) they shall walk and not faint.

There are times when we may mount up like eagles and run with speed, but these are not the usual ways of progress. The practice of walking expresses perlaps better than any other the daily life of God's child. Walking is steady continuous, and it brings is not rapidly perhaps, but at last, to the desired thing. This is a great blessing that comes to those who wait for the Lord.

Another blissing is the recognition that it is God who worketh in us both to will and to work for his good pleasure. He inspires us with his ideas and then takes us up and performs the task with us and through us. He does it because of his expirent "Far his good pleasure". Thus, we see God using us at I thus, sindeed a Hessing that comes only to those who wait for the Lord.

We are teld that they that wait for the Lord shall not be asl and differ shall not be confirmed alore confused. When the work is denothere are no regrets and there as no desire to try to do tower another wis. We have been assured that this is Golfs were and we rest in that confidence. Others, a not expert of this source of the source of deep that ng satisfactor.

In Psalm 10 is a cluster of these blessings. Let us leok at them for a moment. Divid says. It waited patiently for the Lord' (v. 1) The first blessing is that God inclined into Divid and heard lasery. This is a blessing beyond discription or evaluation, that the eternal God inclines toward its listens to us and hears our cry. Again, Divid says, 'He brought me up also out of an horrible put out of the may clav' (v. 2). This could of chairs, refer to his becoming a child of God, but not necessarily. Many times God's children sidestep after their conversion, as Pilgrim did in Pilgrim's Progress, and find

themselves in the miry clay or in Do-bting Castle. "He brought me up out of an horrible pit."

David said an other blessing was that he "set my feet upon the rock and established my goings", v. 2. God kept him steady at the keeps as steady.

He pit a new serg in David's mouth a soit of over song of victory, even praise into God. These are the bessings as David gave them to us that come from waiting for the Lord.

But there is still another blossing and this is the one that gives us deepest by and satisfact as When peoples e what God has done for us because we wait up in heal David says, "Many shall see it and heal and shall trust in the Lord" ev.

3) By what they see must be verte convarced of the Lord and turn and pat their frest also melana.

Out of our waiting up is the Lord withing for the Lard, there gives with a carabeats a realization of his abiling presence. We become as those who dwell in the secret piace of the rest High and abid, under the shadow of the Almights Fellowship with God can be unceesing if we's will at in our hearts. Walking he fore him, we are waiting for him. He loes not fall his bit works his in obtained will be used in a thangh as to his glory for the onco. It of his karge in

# 13. My Times Are in Thy Hand

Psalm 31 seems to be a record of a time of trouble in the life of King David. He begins with a confident note, "In thee O Lord, do I put my trust." But his declaration does not rid him of the oppressive feelings which are upon him, and he lifts up his voice in prayer. He pleads for help and then says to God, "Thou art my rock and fortress" (v. 3). And further, "Pull me out of the net that they have laid privily for me, for thou art my strength. Into thine hand I commit my spirit, thou hast redeemed me, O Lord God of truth" (vv. 4–5).

He swings back and forth between confident trust and a doubtful kind of prayer, but he arrives at a solid footing and declares boldly "But I trusted in thee, O Lord, I said, Thou art my God My times are in thy hand" (vv. 14-15).

All of us experience this cycle of trouble and trast. Traibles come upon us, and we are discouraged and defeated. Our path is darkened by clouds of doubt, We cry unto the Lord in our troubles. We pray fitfully but not trustingly. Unexpectedly the clouds break, and a brilliant shaft of light falls upon us. In that light we rejoice for a moment, but the clouds close in, and again we seem to lose our joy and our trust. Present troubles seem more real than the God who seems to be far off

Peter had this type of experience one early morning on the Sea of Galilee. Jesus can'e walking on the sea in the fourth watch of the night. The disciples saw him come and in fear cried out. But he said to them, "It is I, be not afraid." Peter said. "Lord, if it be thou, I id me come us to thee on the water. And he said, Come" (Matt. 14.25. 19.

Peter stepped over the side of the boat onto the water and walked toward Jesus, but the record says that when he saw the boisterous wind and waves he began to sink. The wind and the waves were more real to Peter than the Lord who was giving him power to walk on the waters. He got his eves off the Lord and on to his present troubles and began to sink

And so do we We swing back and firth from cenfilent faith that gives joy and peace to disturbing doubt. Our trust is weakened, and we are unhappy and walk in the shadows. The 31st Psalm well illustrates our confusion. The chapter is a mixture of "I behave" and O Lord help me." David received assurance in his heart, then continued to pray and prayed himself out of faith.

But in verses 14 and 15 he arrived at a solid broad place where he stood still and said. But I trusted in thee O Lord I said, Thou art my God. My times are in thy hand."

## A Fact Worth Knowing

"My times are in thy hand." This is a fact. A fact is something that I is actual existence. God is a fact. I am a fact. That my times are in God's hand is a fact whether I realize and experience it or not. Blessed is the man that discovers this fact, and lives in the reality of it from day to day.

This is one of the great teachings of the Scriptures. Jesus imparted this great thought again and again in his teaching and in his own practice.

He practiced it in his replies to Satan in the time of temptation. Satan challenged lam to use las divine power for

his own ends, but Jesus declared his confidence that God would care for him. "Man shall not live by bread alone but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God" (Matt. 4:4).

He declared it in his teachings when he pointed to the sparrow and said, "And one of them shall not fall on the ground without your Father" (10.29 Again, he said, "The very hairs of your head are all numbered" (10.30). The Heavenly Father has concern for the very least interest of our lives.

That my times are in thy hand" is the most solid reality. It is a great rock of divine truth. We can find great encouragement in its shelter or we can break ourselves against it. The fact stands unmoved, and trusting people discover its value in every experience of life. It is not theery except to the theorizers. To man who walk with God, no fact is more substantial and solid. So could what may my tooks are in God's hands. This I know to be a fact. God is trustworthy and depends he I commat myself to his ways and discover that he has been holding my ways all the time.

Let me illustrate from personal experience. In the slatter of 1925 our church excluded a manific heresy and a manality. This man come to the church and exchantly destinded that we restore a mate followship and grant him, if there We refused to do this. He had dready either swith one clouch. Here and given has a letter and on text latter has paned one church.

When the church refused his request he threatered to sae the church Person div I did not think that he would create a situation that we could not hand econolism Several times he called and made to reats.

Then I received a severe jelt. I came home one ofternoon and my wife asked "Have you seen the evening paper?" I had not, she handed it to me. Spread across the top of the front

page in black headlines were these words, "Baptist Pastor Sued for \$50,000 " This was a totally different matter now. I was being sued and not the church I was shaken and frightened and I turned to the Lord with strong cryings and perhaps some tears. After three days of praving as I went about my work, God laid his word in my heart I had memorized a verse on the day of my eighth birthdiv. Now the Lord made this my strong tower. It was the word of the Lord in Joshua 15 "There shall not any man be able to stand before thee all the days of the life; as I was with Moses so I will be with thee. I will not fell thee, nor forsake thee, 'By this passage God gave me peace. Then Le sent two fine attornevs (one a member of my church, the other whom it was later my privilege to lead to the Lord and into our church. We put ourselves in the hands of the Lord and God gave the victory.

If we do not do this we continue in distress and agony God would speak to us and sustain us if we would but let him

So I say that this is a fact that becomes real to is as we exercise faith in God. Faith in God may be defined simply as "taking God at his word." In other words, whatever God speaks to our heirts out of the Senptures, we are to rest upon. We have no other lasts of faith. You may look at the stars and believe there is a Creator, but you have nothing to stand upon in sich a littlef Tou may look at a tornado and believe in the might and power of the Creator, but stall you have no faith that sostours and helps. But when you sit down with open heart and listen to God's word, "The Lord is my shepherd, I shall not want," you have something from God, and you begin to exercise faith in God through what he has said.

Now this fact "My times are in thy hand" is knowable to everyone who exercises faith in God. This fact operates in the spirit al and material worlds, and experience demonstrates its validity.

We have heard it said, "Seeing is believing" and if that is true anywhere it is in the recognition and acceptance of this divine statement "My times are in thy hand"

On every hand we find people who prove by their works and the rich aracter the treth of this glory is statement. They man test learns till of peace. Arour at them is a livens radiant.

atmosphere. Hey impress us with a sense of G. a.

In Mathew 6.19-33 Jesus frankly says do not key p treasures for vourself on this earth, make Leaven vour bink. Don't have a like ever an eve for Calaking lear in Lain a for many. It want work What seems halit wall prove to be determs. You cannot serve Good and nearly. Here he says don't warry about what won we ir nor what you drank Don't worry about not Gold to kes rare of the laids. God dothes the likes. Seek first his kingdom and his right assurss a Lad things will be provided.

This is the reason got the statement. "My times are in thy hand." Jesus deal red that God is a good Labor better than the best cortily tather, and believing in God and its his

bessed Son we say smen to whit Jesis Fas said

Therefore this tending "My tones are an the hand" is a factively a knowledged beloved received walke him, like I expendence to the utmosthy every challed God.

#### Faith and Fact

In relation to this first first connection were allowed We do not associate ficts with faith as not how we ought but each of is said of undexcry day we manifest our first under another. This is not stated as a limited as a little first notice of a refer so being in God's hands as a faith fact."

Every true behaver agrees that this is an abiling fact. If it is a fact, it is true. But not every behaver rests in this fact or no God the author of it.

If God is the God that the Bible teaches, then this is a fact that is most real. We do not discover it or come to know it by reason, but by faith. Many things that seem unreasonable are to the man of faith reasonable and sensible

No man who will not step out upon the promise involved can know and experience the reality of God in this particular relationship. Once we have begun to step, the fact and God himself begin to appear to the mind and heart. Somebody has said that faith is the highest form of knowledge. The man who walks by faith from day to day will earnestly answer. "Amen."

Faith in the heart operates through obedience in works. Every act of obedience opens up further light and knowledge. Isn't this what Jistis meant when he said. "He that willeth to do his will shall know" (cf. John 7.17). Faith asks us to obey and to move forth under scaled orders. Without obedience to the requirements of faith, the light dies and faith grows dim.

Word of God God's Word is his will and his will covers all 'my

I do not have to plan my life. I seek Go i's plans. A line of a song says. I place my life in the hands of God." And a line from a chord says. I take lands off my life." God has a plan for each of a S. C. dis plan is las will. His will is an ais hand and

Faith takes Cod at his word for faith comes by hearing the

that means that my times must unfold his will

#### He Meaning of Our Times

Let us double with this please "my times". What are my times and yours. They are the little thangs and the big things the timese up our lives from day to day.

First "my daily routine" From the time I awake in the marring until I close my eyes in sleep at night the things in these hours make up my times.

I believe that Gold is concerned about the minutes as well as

the days. Therefore, he is concerned that I get up early enough to be alone with him in his Word and in prayer. There has never been a better example of this than our Lord Jesus Christ, Mark I 35 says, 'And in the morning rising up a great while before day, he went out, and departed into a solitary place, and there prayed," If this part of the day is not in God's hand, then the rest of it may be out of his hand also. Whether it be five o'clock in the morning or eight, one must take time to retire with God for strength, for light, for gind ince, and for the sense of his presence.

Another thing that is in God's hands, as well as in mine, is my boddly fieldth, and strength. Physical fitness is my concern its far as I fulfil the conditions which God has laid down for he diff, and strength. When I have fulfilled these conditions, I have placed the matter in God's hands or have a cognized that it is there. I maself find great I lip in Exedus 15.76. 'Il thou will differ the nearly nearly not the voice of the I or I thy God and will do that which is right in I is sight, and will give car to his commandation lits, and keep along statutes. I will pet none of these, his ascs, upon thee, which I have his ascs, upon the Egypt ans, for I am the I aid the theateth, the

As or ling to some interpret is this last statement. The Lor Life Lealeth there' is a sumpose of more in Jetovshi -Jehoval Rapha-swhich means 'I loval the reale.

That reans that I can clum for mys ll Psaha 2.1. "The I. rd s.— the street, of myle And Isaha 10.5. Who satisfieth the mouth with good that gs, so that he winth is renewed like the engles." Also this word from Is.—h =0.5. "They that with pon the Lord I all renew that sin.—h.

My work to some in his limit, what I am to do not how it is to be done, and the power for its accomplishment. All this is in his band, and concently I receive it.

My 'finance times' are in his hand. I have alre dy in...cated

the teaching of Jesus in Matthew 6:19–33. Look at the last verse of that passage, "Seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness; and all these things shall be added unto you." That ought to care for every person's heart and mind in relation to his finances. God is concerned about our finances. I am one who receives both the Old and the New Testaments as the Word of God. I find in the Old Testament, expressions that indicate that God is deeply concerned about a man's finances. In Deuteronomy 8:18 God says to Moses, "Thou shalt remember the Lord thy God: for it is he that giveth thee power to get wealth, that he may establish his covenant."

Again, in Proverbs 3:9-10, "Honour the Lord with thy substance, and with the firstfruits of all thine increase: so shall thy barns be filled with plenty, and thy presses shall burst out with new wine."

And in no place is God's concern about our personal finances more clearly expressed than in Malachi 3:10–12. Here he is definite, "Bring ye all the tithes into the storehouse, that there may be meat in mine house, and prove me now herewith, saith the Lord of hosts, if I will not open you the windows of heaven, and pour you out a blessing, that there shall not be room enough to receive it." This in itself is an all-sufficient argument and needs no support from any man. God is concerned about my "finance times." If I am obedient to him, I can claim all of his promise concerning his blessings.

Another area of life which we can call "my times" is in relation to the children whom God has given us. Psalm 127:3 says, "Lo, children are an heritage of the Lord: and the fruit of the womb is his reward. As arrows are in the hand of a mighty man; so are children of the youth. Happy is the man that hath his quiver full of them: they shall not be ashamed, but they shall speak with the enemies in the gate."

Our chief concern as parents is the total welfare of our

children. All of us want for them the very best, and all of us want them to be the very best. There are some problems concerning children that we can handle; others are beyond us, and we have to learn to commit ourselves and our children to the Lord in his promise. The promise that has sustained us in our "times" is Isaiah 54:13, "And all thy children shall be taught of the Lord; and great shall be the peace of thy children." It is the first part of that verse that constitutes the dependence on the Lord that every parent should feel. If we will let him, the Lord will teach where we cannot even draw near. We sing a song, "He has never broken any promise spoken," and I can testify that the Lord has kept his promise in relation to our children and our grandchildren.

As leaders in God's work, we say, "my times"—that is, "my times" as a worker for the Lord—are in God's hands. His work, his mission, his program for every church must be sought out and received. Too much of the work we undertake is originated by ourselves, and having worked out the plans, we bring them and lay them before God and ask him to bless our plans. Should we not rather seek from him what he has planned, and the work he wants us to do? As he reveals it to us, his blessing will accompany it. Such a resting in his planning will soon convince us of the truth of the words of the prophet in Zechariah 4:6, "This is the word of the Lord. . . . Not by might, nor by power, but by my spirit, saith the Lord of hosts."

# Blessings Delivered

This fact—"my times are in thy hand"—when believed, received, depended upon, brings blessed results. Psalm 37:5 says, "Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in him, and he shall bring it to pass."

Committing our ways unto the Lord is recognizing that our times are in his hand. When we live day by day in such a committal, we receive specific blessings that are great and enduring.

One of these blessings is found in that word "peace." Peace is heart rest. It is not the absence of storms and difficulties, trials and heartaches; it is the quietness of the soul in the midst of all these things as it looks upon the face of the Lord and knows that he holds our times.

Another of the blessings is that, created within us, is an artesian fountain of joy springing up continually and flow-

ing out to bless everybody around.

A third blessing is that, in time, we discover that God has enabled us to grow and to develop an overcoming faith—faith, that removes mountains and faith that becomes a channel of blessing to the whole world.

We learn to walk firmly and steadily in the Holy Spirit and thereby show forth a quiet, convincing, satisfying testimony to our Heavenly Father's good care of us. This testimony becomes a converting testimony to men who do not know God. David expresses this well in Psalm 40:

I waited patiently for the Lord; and he inclined unto me, and heard my cry. He brought me up also out of an horrible pit, out of the miry clay, and set my feet upon a rock, and established my goings. And he hath put a new song in my mouth, even praise unto our God; many shall see it, and fear, and shall trust in the Lord (vv. 1-3).

When we believe, receive, and live by this truth, "my times are in thy hand," we of necessity live in dependence upon God and receive all of God's blessings.

# ALWAYS IN PRAYER

E. F. Hallock, pastor emeritus of First Baptist Church, Norman, Oklahoma

To pray in the name of Jesus is to be so attached to him, so united to him that his thoughts become my thoughts; his desires become my desires; his life becomes my life; his nature becomes my nature; his prayers are my prayers and my prayers are his prayers. These inspirational messages express the necessity, joy, and fruitfulness of prayer in each Christian's life. They will help readers to pray, and pray more understandingly, in greater faith.

